

# Flood Risk Assessment and Drainage Strategy

Prepared for **Keepmoat Homes** 

Proposed Residential Development of Land at Eakring Road, Bilsthorpe

> Travis Baker Ltd Trinity Point New Road Halesowen West Midlands

West Midlands B63 3HY Tel: 0121 550 8037 Fax: 0121 550 8047

info@travisbaker.co.uk www.travisbaker.co.uk



#### **Document Control**

Project Title: Proposed Development at

Eakring Road, Bilsthorpe

Document Type: Flood Risk Assessment and Drainage Strategy

Project Number: 19017

Revision	Date	Comments	Prepared by	Checked by
	15 October 2019	First Draft	Adrian Greenaway	Rob Travis
Α	26 November 2019	Revision A	Adrian Greenaway	Rob Travis
В	19 May 2020	Revision B	Adrian Greenaway	Rob Travis
С	26 May 2020	Revision C	Adrian Greenaway	Rob Travis

This document has been prepared by Travis Baker Limited for the exclusive use by the commissioning party in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contract between Travis Baker Limited and the commissioning party. No other party may use, make use or rely on the contents of this report without the prior written consent of Travis Baker Limited. No liability is accepted by Travis Baker Limited for any use of this report other than for the purpose for which it was originally prepared. This document may contain and rely on information provided by Third Parties; no verification of such information has been undertaken and Travis Baker Limited accept no responsibility for any inaccuracies within such information. No part of this report may be copied or reproduced by any means without written permission from Travis Baker Limited.

The consultant's liability to the client arising out of or in connection with this document whether under the law of contract in tort (including negligence), in equity, or under statute or otherwise shall be limited to the fee paid for the preparation of this document. The consultant shall not be liable to the client in respect of any consequential or indirect loss or damage. The consultant shall be deemed to have been discharged from all liability in respect of this document whether under contract, in tort (including negligence), under statute or otherwise, on the expiration of 1 year from the completion of this document.



# **Contents**

1.0	INTRO	DUCTION	1			
	1.1	Background	1			
	1.2	Site Location and Surroundings	1			
	1.3	Development Proposals	3			
2.0	EXIST	ING SITE CONDITIONS	4			
	2.1	Existing Topography and Drainage	4			
	2.2	Existing Flood Risk	5			
	2.3	Existing Drainage	8			
3.0	PROPO	SED SITE LEVELS AND DRAINAGE SYSTEMS	9			
	3.1	Proposed Site Levels	9			
	3.2	Sustainable Surface Water Drainage	9			
	3.3	Foul Water Drainage	10			
	3.4	Ongoing Maintenance	11			
4.0	CONCL	USIONS	12			
	4.1	Flood Risk, Flood Consequences and Sustainable Design	12			
5.0	APPENDICES					



#### Proposed development at Eakring Road, Bilsthorpe

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

#### Background 1.1

- 1.1.1 Travis Baker were commissioned to prepare a flood risk assessment and drainage strategy to support a detailed planning application for proposed residential development on land at Eakring Road, Bilsthorpe.
- 1.1.2 The site area is in excess of 1 hectare and a flood risk assessment is therefore required. It has been prepared under the guidance of the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) and associated technical guidance. The site is located within flood zone 1 and is not affected by fluvial flooding from nearby rivers, the report will therefore focus on other possible flood risk to or from the development and the sustainable disposal of surface water.
- The potential effects of climate change on future rainfall intensity will also be taken into 1.1.3 account.

#### 1.2 Site Location and Surroundings

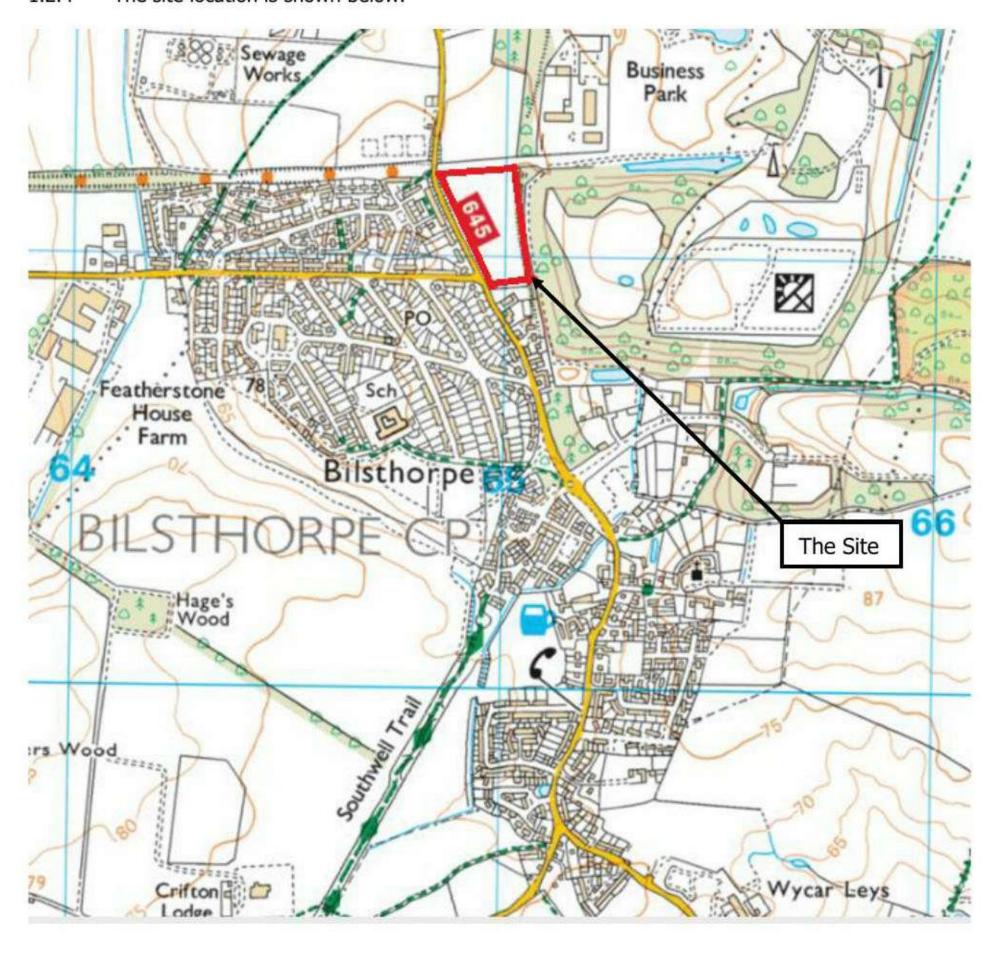
- 1.2.1 The site is located to the northeast of Bilsthorpe Village, Nottinghamshire, approximately 12km to the east of Mansfield. The centre of the site is at approximate grid reference 464961, 361054 and extends over an area of approximately 3.8 hectares.
- 1.2.2 The site is rectangular with a footpath crossing the centre of the site, and comprised of open grassland with trees running along the boundary
- There are fields to the north and east of the site, with residential developments to the west 1.2.3 and factories to the south.

Travis Baker Page No. 1



#### Proposed development at Eakring Road, Bilsthorpe

1.2.4 The site location is shown below.





#### Proposed development at Eakring Road, Bilsthorpe

#### 1.3 Development Proposals

- 1.3.1 The proposed development will provide 103 new dwellings by Keepmoat Homes. The main access along with pedestrian access into the site will be from Eakring Road, on the western side of the site.
- 1.3.2 The proposed site layout, which also incorporates the proposed drainage strategy, is contained in the appendices.



#### Proposed development at Eakring Road, Bilsthorpe

- 2.0 **EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS**
- **Existing Topography and Drainage** 2.1
- 2.1.1 A copy of topographical survey is in the appendices.
- 2.1.2 The site falls from north to south, with levels ranging from approximately 73.7m AOD down to 70.12m. The site has an embankment up to Eakring road at the North West corner.
- There is an existing foul sewer, highway sewer and combined sewer at the south western 2.1.3 corner of the site.

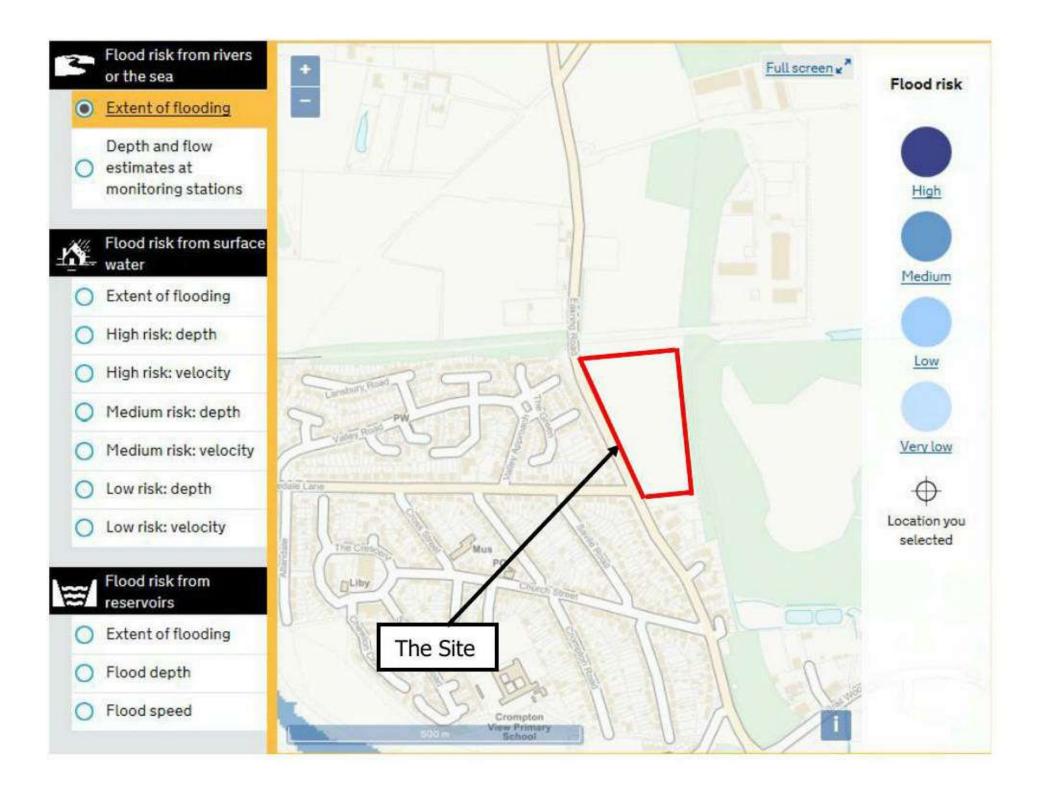
Page No. 4 Travis Baker



#### Proposed development at Eakring Road, Bilsthorpe

#### 2.2 Existing Flood Risk

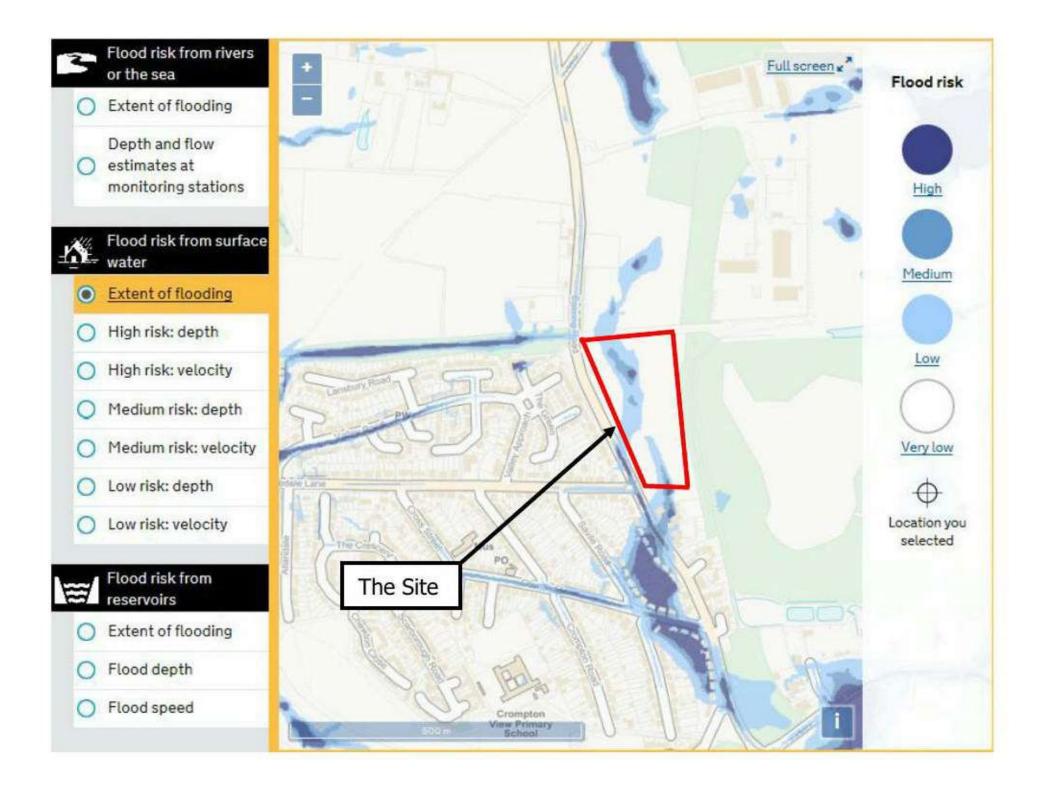
2.2.1 The flood mapping available from the EA website (below) shows that there is no fluvial flooding apparent within the site.





#### Proposed development at Eakring Road, Bilsthorpe

2.2.2 The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water mapping, available from the EA website (below) shows that there are areas of the site which could theoretically be subject to surface water flooding.

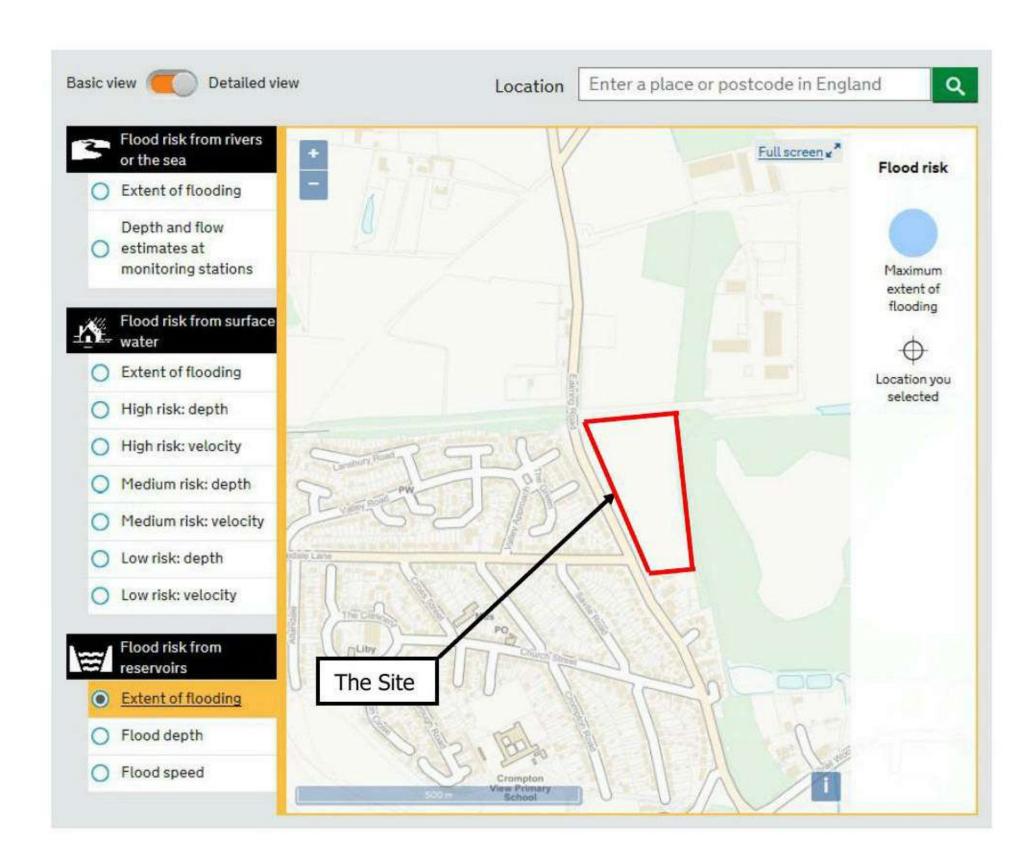


- 2.2.3 The mapping provided by the Environment Agency is based on aerial LIDAR survey and places surface water in areas where there are low points in the topography. It is accepted that the mapping is generally coarse in nature, and that the levels post development will be designed such that any surface water run-off generated will be directed towards the southern end of the site into the pond attenuation.
- 2.2.4 It is considered that the actual risk of flooding to the site from surface water sources is quite minimal.



#### Proposed development at Eakring Road, Bilsthorpe

2.2.5 The reservoir flood map from the Environment Agency website is shown below. It shows there is no risk from flooding from reservoirs.





#### Proposed development at Eakring Road, Bilsthorpe

#### 2.3 Existing Drainage

- 2.3.1 As the areas of the site which are to be redeveloped currently consist mostly of grassland, surface water run-off would be at greenfield rates, and currently drains by overland flood routes.
- 2.3.2 Severn Trent Water have been approached via the developer enquiry procedure. A copy of their response including the public sewer records is in the appendices.

Travis Baker Project Number 19017



#### Proposed development at Eakring Road, Bilsthorpe

#### 3.0 PROPOSED SITE LEVELS, FLOOD MITIGATION AND DRAINAGE SYSTEMS

#### 3.1 Proposed Site Levels

It is proposed that upon redevelopment the existing site levels will be followed as far as is 3.1.1 possible to tie into existing levels near the entrance. However, the majority of the development will require plot levels to be raised to ensure the site's foul discharge can drain through gravity sewers and avoid the need for a foul pumping station.

#### 3.2 Proposed Flood Mitigation

- 3.2.1 As noted previously, the EA maps for fluvial and reservoir flooding do not show any risk of flooding. However, there is a high risk to surface water flooding in small areas of the site, with larger areas of site at low and medium risk to flooding.
- In reality it is considered unlikely that there would be any surface water flooding as the 3.2.2 proposed site levels will be designed to work with existing levels and drain towards the pond at the southern tip of the site.

#### 3.3 Sustainable Surface Water Drainage

- An intrusive site investigation report has been prepared by Travis Baker. With regard to the 3.3.1 underlying strata this has shown that around 0.3m to 0.7m of topsoil and sub-soil is present across the site.
- 3.3.2 Six infiltration tests were undertaken within the area proposed for residential development and the location plan showing the trial pits (SA1 to SA6) where the tests were undertaken, and the test results themselves are in the appendices.
- The tests results demonstrated: Based on the results of the in-situ testing undertaken over a 3.3.3 three day period, the materials underlying the site are not considered suitable for soakaway drainage. A positive method of surface water disposal is therefore proposed.
- Surface water from roofs and paved areas will be collected into down pipes, gullies and 3.3.4 channels. Flows will then pass into subsurface piped drainage system, which will convey flows to the proposed pond in the south west corner of the site, and into the existing combined highway sewer on Eakring road.
- 3.3.5 The Qbar per Hectare value of 0.4l/s is too low for a flow control with risks of blockage. Hence, flows will be restricted to 5 litres per second for all storm events using a traditional vortex flow control downstream of the pond. The Obar calc is shown in the appendices.
- The proposed drainage strategy is in the appendices and a hydraulic model has been built 3.3.6 using the WINDES modelling software. The input files and simulation results are also in the appendices.

Travis Baker Page No. 9



#### Proposed development at Eakring Road, Bilsthorpe

#### **Foul Water Drainage** 3.4

- 3.4.1 As described previously there is a public combined water sewer running beyond the south western boundary. The developer enquiry response from STW advises that there is no known capacity issues with the network so can accommodate the additional flows from the proposed development.
- 3.4.2 The foul drainage will be split into two networks, one will drain by gravity towards the south western boundary near the site entrance and connect into an existing combined water sewer. The second network will drain by gravity to the south west corner of the site and drain into the existing combined water sewer on Eakring Road.

Page No. 10 Travis Baker



#### Proposed development at Eakring Road, Bilsthorpe

#### 3.5 Ongoing Maintenance

- 3.5.1 It is proposed that the surface water drainage systems within the development will be adopted by Severn Trent Water under a section 104 agreement.
- 3.5.2 The foul water systems will also be adopted by Severn Trent Water under a section 104 agreement.
- 3.5.3 This ongoing maintenance will ensure that the drainage systems will operate as originally intended throughout the life of the development.

Travis Baker
Page No. 11



#### Proposed development at Eakring Road, Bilsthorpe

#### 4.0 CONCLUSIONS

#### Flood Risk, Flood Consequences and Sustainable Design 4.1

- 4.1.1 There is no risk of flooding to the development from any nearby fluvial sources.
- 4.1.2 There is a theoretical risk of flooding from surface water but the actual risk is considered minimal as the proposed drainage will drain water to the pond at the southern boundary.
- 4.1.3 There is no risk of reservoir breach flooding.
- The new surface water drainage systems will be designed in accordance with nationally agreed 4.1.4 standards, and will provide protection from surface flooding under the critical 100 year rainfall event, including the recognised allowance for the effects of climate change.
- The main drainage systems will be adopted by Severn Trent Water under a section 104 4.1.5 agreement. This will ensure long term maintenance throughout the life of the development.
- 4.1.6 It is considered that the proposed scheme is in accordance with relevant planning policy, and that approval to this application should not be withheld on flooding grounds or drainage grounds.

Travis Baker Page No. 12



#### Proposed development at Eakring Road, Bilsthorpe

#### 5.0 APPENDICES

Appendix A: Drainage Strategy – drawing number 8B

Appendix B: Topographical Survey

Appendix C: Developer Enquiry response and sewer records – Severn Trent Water

Appendix D: Trial Pit Location Plan and Infiltration Test Results - Travis Baker Geo-

environmental

Appendix E: Hydraulic Calculations (100yr + 40%)

Appendix F: Qbar Calculation per Hectare

Travis Baker Project Number 19017

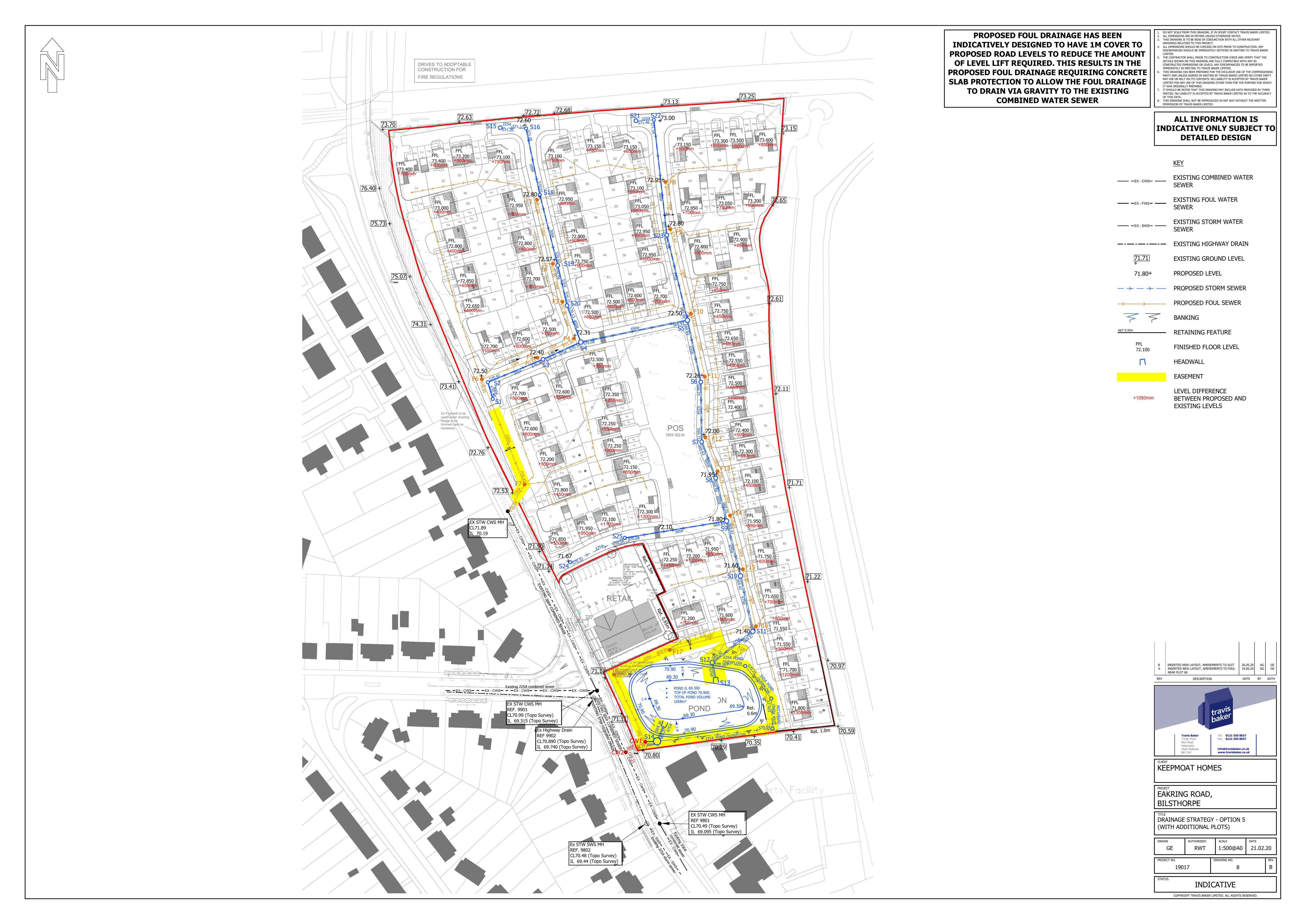


Proposed development at Eakring Road, Bilsthorpe

Appendix A

Drainage Strategy

Drawing number 8B

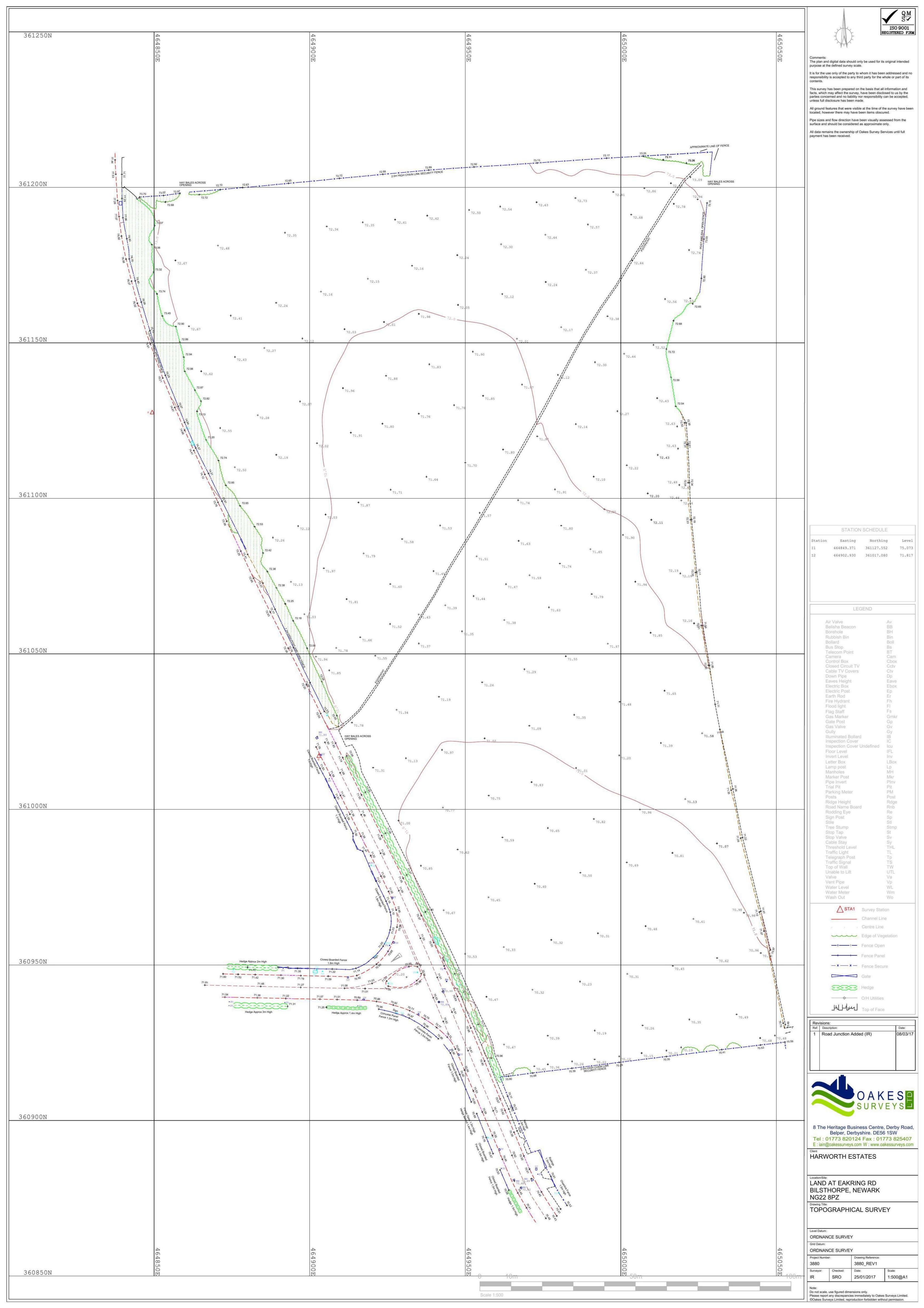




Proposed development at Eakring Road, Bilsthorpe

# Appendix B

# **Topographical Survey**





Proposed development at Eakring Road, Bilsthorpe

# Appendix C Developer Enquiry Response and Sewer Records Severn Trent Water

# WONDERFUL ON TAP



Travis Baker Trinity Point New Road Halesowen West Midlands B63 3HY

F.A.O: Jordan Rageh

21st June 2019

Dear Sir/Madam,

# Proposed Development: (85 mixed dwellings) – Land off Eakring Road, Bilsthorpe, NG22 8PZ

I refer to your Development Enquiry Request in respect of the above site. Please find enclosed the sewer records that are included in the fee together with the Supplementary Guidance Notes (SGN) referred to below.

#### Public Sewers in Site - Required Protection

No Sewers within site boundary.

Due to a change in legislation on 1 October 2011 there may be former private sewers on the site which have transferred to the responsibility of Severn Trent Water Ltd, which are not shown on the statutory sewer records, but are located in your client's land. These sewers would require protective strips of 3 metres either side of the sewer's centreline that we will not allow to be built over. If such sewers are identified to be present on the site, please contact us for further guidance.

#### **Foul Water Drainage**

Records show combined sewers on Eakring Road, downstream of MH 9901 is the most suitable connection point for your development. I can confirm the network has no known capacity issues and can accommodate these flows.

Severn Trent Water Ltd Leicester Water Centre

Gorse Hill Anstey Leicester LE7 7GU

Tel: 02477 716843 www.stwater.co.uk net.dev.east@severntrent.co.uk

Contact: Belal Ali

Our ref 8363359

A gravity connection is therefore acceptable to the Company subject to formal S106 approval (see later)

#### **Surface Water Drainage**

Under the terms of Section H of the Building Regulations 2000, the disposal of surface water by means of soakaways should be considered as the primary method.

If these are found to be unsuitable, satisfactory evidence will need to be submitted. The evidence should be either percolation test results or by the submission of a statement from the SI consultant (extract or a supplementary letter).

If soakaways are not suitable and no watercourses or ditches are near the development site then connection to the surface water sewers (MH9802) will be acceptable with flows restricted at 5l/s/ha. All excess flows to be attenuated within site.

Subject to the above, Severn Trent Water expects all surface water from the development to be drained in a sustainable way to the nearest watercourse or land drainage channel, subject to the developer discussing all aspects of the developments surface water drainage with the Local Lead Flood Authority (LLFA). Any discharge rate to a watercourse or drainage ditch will be determined by the LLFA / EA.

#### Connections

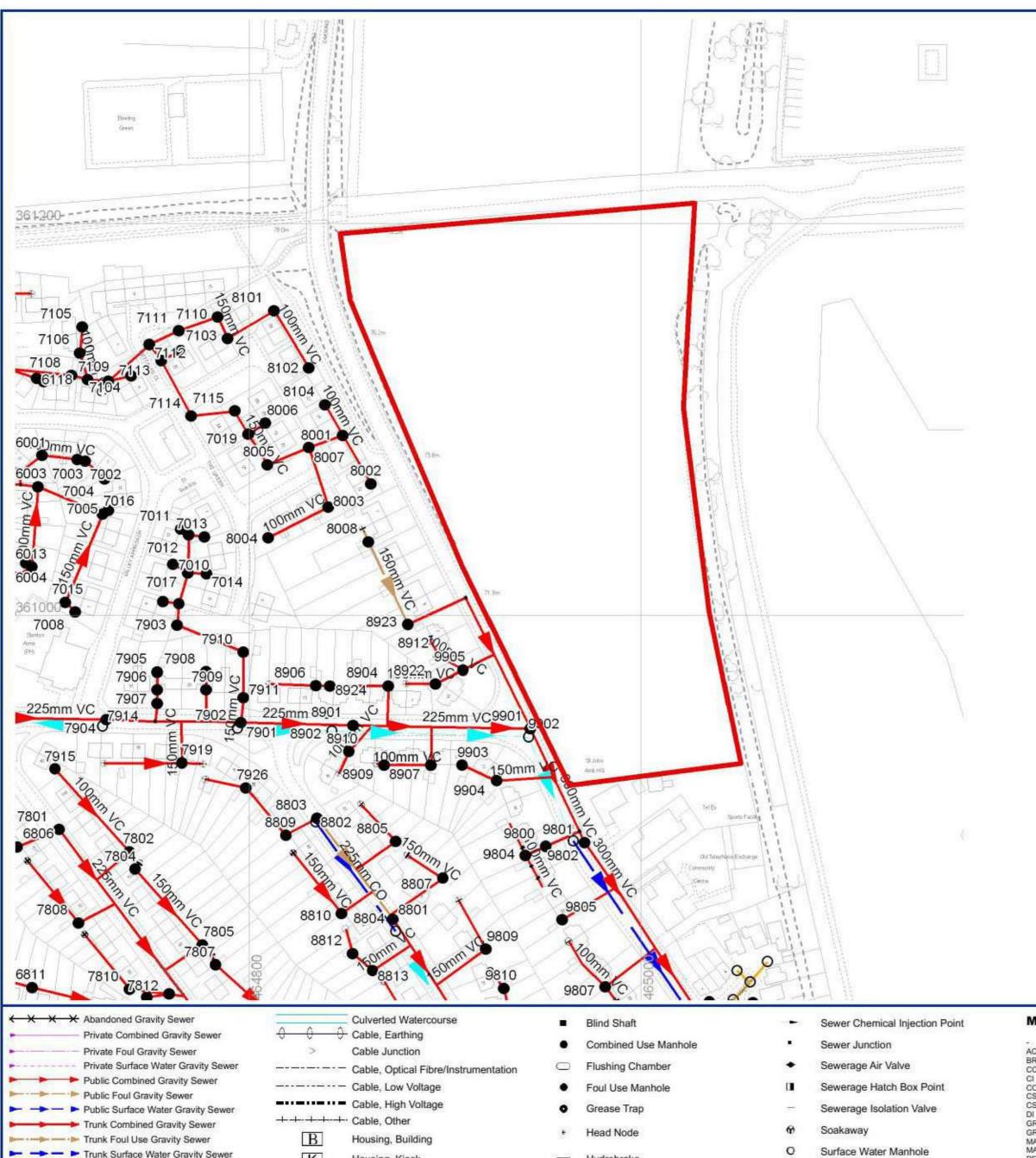
For any new connections (including the re-use of existing connections) to the public sewerage system, the developer will need to submit a Section 106 application form. Our Developer Services department are responsible for handling all new connections enquiries and applications. To contact them for an application form and associated guidance notes please call 0800 7076600 or download from <a href="https://www.stwater.co.uk">www.stwater.co.uk</a>.

Please quote the above reference in any future correspondence (including e-mails) with STW Limited. Please note that Developer Enquiry responses are only valid for 6 months from the date of this letter.

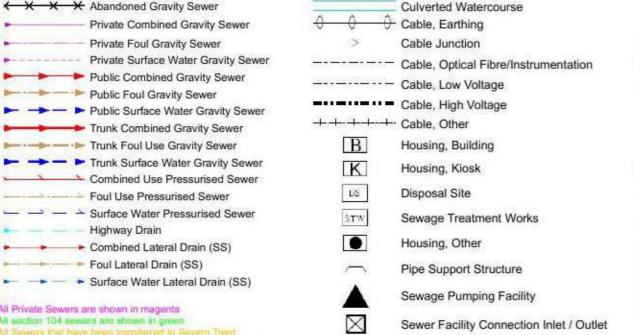
Yours sincerely



Belal Ali Asset Protection Waste Water East Wholesale Network Control and Asset Management



Sewer Node Sewer Pipe Data INV LEVEL UPSTR INV LEVEL DOWNSTR MAX SIZE YEAR LAID MIN SIZE SHAPE **COVER LEVEL** PURP MATL GRADIENT REFERENCE SK64606806 73.91 SK64606811 74.77 72.79 72.00 SK64607801 150 SK64607802 150 SK64607804 150 SK64607805 100 SK64607807 SK64607808 150 150 SK64607810 150 SK64607812 SK64607813 73.27 225 70.98 70.53 SK64607901 73.25 SK64607902 72.30 150 SK64607903 74.23 71.52 47.14 72.24 225 SK64607904 74.42 73.61 73.45 100 SK64607905 74.12 73.44 100 74.10 73.29 SK64607906 SK64607907 74.15 73.27 100 SK64607908 74.03 73.06 73.02 74.08 100 SK64607909 73.72 71.50 71.31 SK64607910 71.31 150 73.62 71.16 SK64607911 74.53 SK64607914 100 SK64607915 150 SK64607919 100 SK64607926 72.06 70.17 CO 69.86 249.65 SK64608801 72.64 71.24 70.90 CO SK64608802 72.74 71.03 SK64608803 70.18 71.97 SK64608804 SK64608805 150 SK64608807 71.04 150 SK64608809 150 SK64608810 150 SK64608812 150 SK64608813 72.23 70.49 69.48 SK64608901 72.43 SK64608902 150 SK64608904 SK64608906 SK64608907 100 SK64608909 100 SK64608910 SK64608912 **Severn Trent Water Limited** CATEGORIES SEVERN



or after the 1" October 2011, but have not been surveyed and

immed by Severn Trent Water are shown in grange

Hydrobrake □ Lamphole Outfall Overflow

Penstock

Petrol Interceptor

Waste Water Storage Pre-1937 Properties TABULAR KEY

Vent Column

Sewer pipe data refers to downstream sewer pipe.

Where the node bifurcates (splits) X and Y E - EGG SHAPED indicates downstream sewer pipe. Gradient is stated a 1 in...

#### **MATERIALS**

- - NONE AC - ASBESTOS CEMENT

- CONCRETE BOX CULVERT - CAST IRON

CO - CONCRETE
CSB - CONCRETE SEGMENTS (BOLTED)

CSU - CONCRETE SEGMENTS (UNBOLTED) DI - DUCTILE IRON GRC - GLASS REINFORCED CONCRETE

GRP - GLASS REINFORCED PLASTIC MAC - MASONRY IN REGULAR COURSES MAR - MASONRY RANDOMLY COURSED PE - POLYETHLENE PF - PITCH

PP -POLYPROPYLENE PSC -PLASTIC STEEL COMPOSITE PVC - POLYVINYL CHLORIDE RPM - REINFORCED PLASTIC MATRIX - SPUN (GREY) IRON -STEEL

- UNKNOWN

U - UNKNOWN

- VITRIFIED CLAY

#### XXX - OTHER SHAPE PURPOSE

C - CIRCULAR C - COMBINED F - FOUL L - SLUDGE - RECTANGLE - SQUARE S - SURFACE WATER - TRAPEZOIDAL

E - FINAL EFFLUENT S104 - SECTION 104

- CASCADE - DAMBOARD - SIDE ENTRY - FLAP VALVE - BACK DROP - SIPHON - HIGHWAY DRAIN



**Asset Data Management** PO Box 5344 CV3 9FT Telephone: 0845 601 6616

#### **SEWER RECORD (Tabular)**

		Service Control of the Control of th	AND	
)/S Map scale:	1:2500	This map is centred upon:		
ate of issue:	21.06.19	O / S Grid	d reference:	
Sheet No.	1 of 3	x:	464922	
	7.57.5	у:	361053	

#### Disclaimer Statement

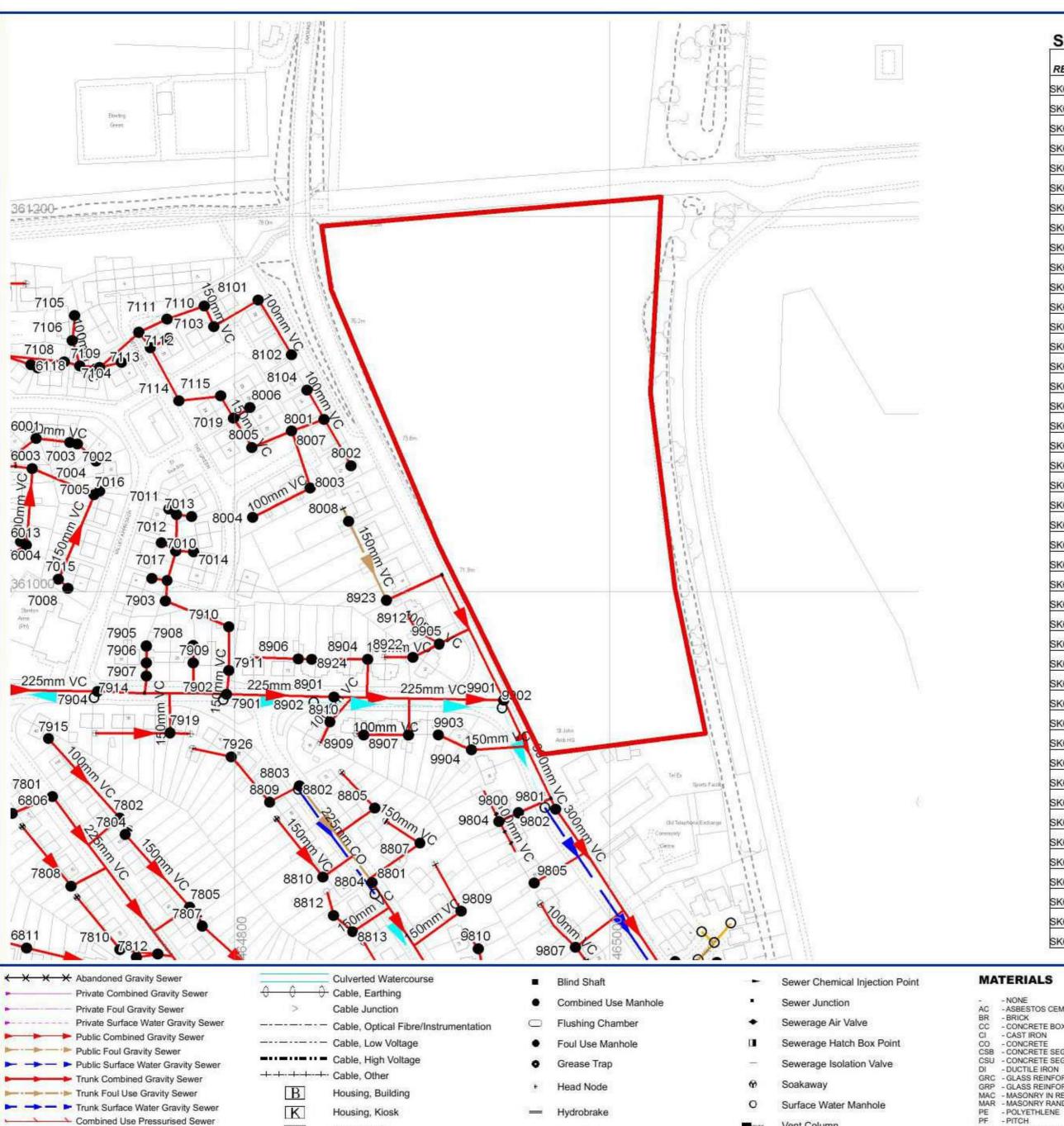
2. This map and any information supplied with it is furnished as a general guide, is only valid at the date of issue and no warranty as to its correctness is given or implied. In particular this Map and any information shown on it must not be relied upon in the event of any development or works (including but not limited to excavations) in the vicinity of Severn Trent Water's assets or for the purposes of determining the suitability of a point of connection to the sewerage or distribution systems.

3. On 1 October 2011 most private sewers and private lateral drains in Severn Trent Water's sewerage area, which were connected to a public sewer as at 1 July 2011, transferred to the ownership of Severn Trent Water and became public sewers and public lateral drains. A further transfer takes place on 1 October 2012 (date to be confirmed).

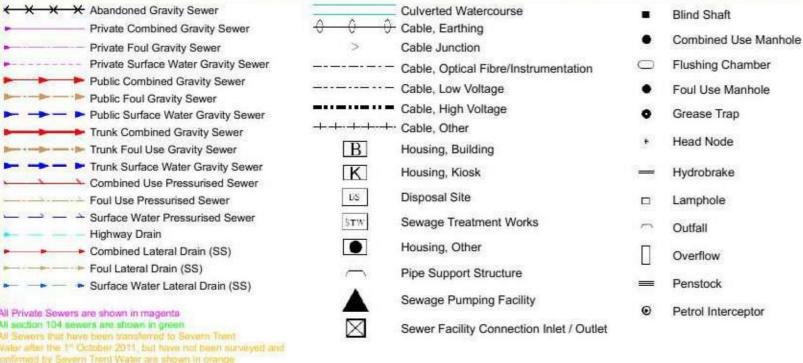
Private pumping stations, which form part of these sewers or lateral drains, will transfer to the ownership of Severn Trent Water on or before 1 October 2016.

Severn Trent Water does not possess complete records of these assets.

These assets may not be displayed on this Map. Reproduction by permission of Ordnance Survey on behalf of HMSO. © Crown Copyright and database right 2004. All rights reserved. Ordnance Survey licence number 100018202. Document users other than Severn Trent Water business users are advised that this document is provided for reference purpose only and is subject to copyright, therefore, no further copies



INV LEVEL UPSTR MAX YEAR LAID MIN SIZE SHAPE **COVER LEVEL** PURP MATL GRADIENT REFERENCE SK64608922 SK64608923 SK64608924 150 SK64609800 70.70 69.30 387.03 SK64609801 70.70 69.65 co 375 SK64609802 69.26 150 SK64609804 SK64609805 150 150 SK64609807 150 SK64609809 150 SK64609810 71.19 300 69.48 69.31 SK64609901 378.82 71.12 SK64609902 100 SK64609903 150 SK64609904 SK64609905 72.89 72.25 100 72.17 187.50 SK64616001 73.50 71.56 150 SK64616003 73.52 100 SK64616004 74.12 73.23 72.14 100 72.84 SK64616010 100 74.30 73.22 71.57 SK64616013 70.62 100 72.30 SK64616107 69.54 SK64616118 73.39 72.61 100 SK64617002 72.59 206.00 73.07 72.58 72.25 100 SK64617003 73.39 72.85 72.65 100 SK64617004 73.77 72.96 100 SK64617005 74.53 73.79 73.56 100 SK64617008 30.74 73.24 100 SK64617009 74.13 73.16 100 73.86 SK64617010 73.89 73.36 100 SK64617011 SK64617012 73.90 73.24 100 SK64617013 73.98 73.13 100 SK64617014 74.68 73.52 150 SK64617015 73.97 71.57 SK64617016 SK64617017 72.34 SK64617018 SK64617019 73.66 SK64617102 73.66 71.31 SK64617103 72.73 73.50 100 SK64617104 70.15 72.57 71.93 71.69 100 54.33 SK64617105 72.57 71.68 70.22 SK64617106



- - Waste Water Storage Pre-1937 Properties
    - TABULAR KEY Sewer pipe data refers to downstream sewer pipe.

Vent Column

Where the node bifurcates (splits) X and Y E - EGG SHAPED indicates downstream sewer pipe. Gradient is stated a 1 in...

#### **MATERIALS**

- - NONE AC ASBESTOS CEMENT
  - CONCRETE BOX CULVERT CAST IRON
  - CO CONCRETE
    CSB CONCRETE SEGMENTS (BOLTED) CSU - CONCRETE SEGMENTS (UNBOLTED)
  - DI DUCTILE IRON GRC GLASS REINFORCED CONCRETE GRP - GLASS REINFORCED PLASTIC MAC - MASONRY IN REGULAR COURSES MAR - MASONRY RANDOMLY COURSED
  - PP -POLYPROPYLENE PSC -PLASTIC STEEL COMPOSITE PVC - POLYVINYL CHLORIDE RPM - REINFORCED PLASTIC MATRIX
  - SPUN (GREY) IRON -STEEL - UNKNOWN - VITRIFIED CLAY

U - UNKNOWN

#### XXX - OTHER SHAPE

- C CIRCULAR F - FOUL L - SLUDGE - RECTANGLE - SQUARE S - SURFACE WATER - TRAPEZOIDAL
- PURPOSE C - COMBINED E - FINAL EFFLUENT S104 - SECTION 104

Sewer Node

Sewer Pipe Data

#### - CASCADE - DAMBOARD - SIDE ENTRY - FLAP VALVE - BACK DROP - SIPHON - HIGHWAY DRAIN

CATEGORIES



SEVERN

**Severn Trent Water Limited Asset Data Management** PO Box 5344 CV3 9FT Telephone: 0845 601 6616

#### **SEWER RECORD (Tabular)**

	ASSESSMENT OF THE PARTY OF THE	Service Control of the State of	ACADAMAN STATES &	
O/S Map scale:	1:2500	This map is centred upon:		
Date of issue:	21.06.19	O / S Gri	d reference:	
Sheet No.	2 of 3	x:	464922	
		у:	361053	

#### Disclaimer Statement

2. This map and any information supplied with it is furnished as a general guide, is only valid at the date of issue and no warranty as to its correctness is given or implied. In particular this Map and any information shown on it must not be relied upon in the event of any development or works (including but not limited to excavations) in the vicinity of Severn Trent Water's assets or for the purposes of determining the suitability of a point of connection to the sewerage or distribution systems.

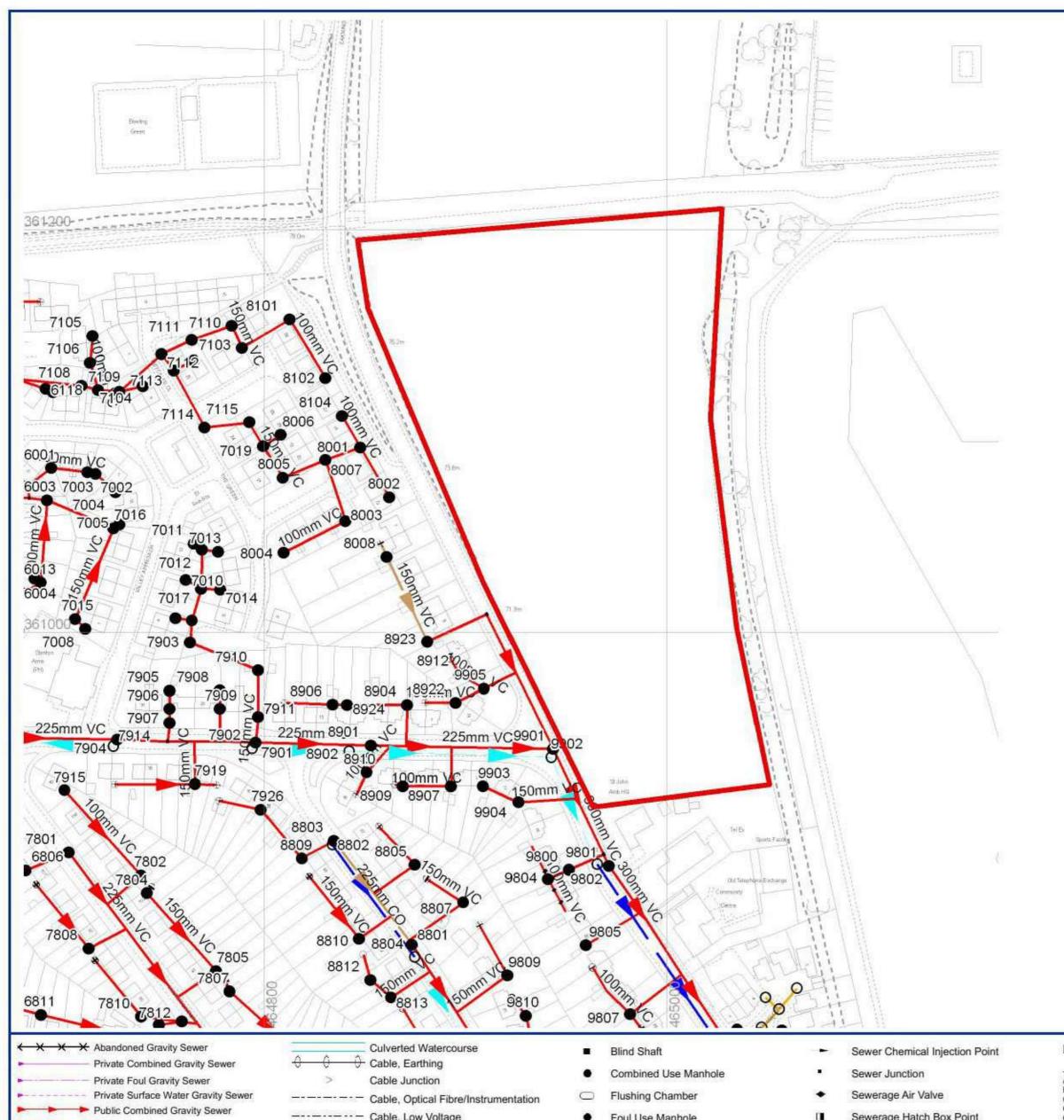
3. On 1 October 2011 most private sewers and private lateral drains in Severn Trent Water's sewerage area, which were connected to a public sewer as at 1 July 2011, transferred to the

ownership of Severn Trent Water and became public sewers and public lateral drains. A further transfer takes place on 1 October 2012 (date to be confirmed).

Private pumping stations, which form part of these sewers or lateral drains, will transfer to the ownership of Severn Trent Water on or before 1 October 2016.

Severn Trent Water does not possess complete records of these assets.

These assets may not be displayed on this Map. Reproduction by permission of Ordnance Survey on behalf of HMSO. © Crown Copyright and database right 2004. All rights reserved. Ordnance Survey licence number 100018202. Document users other than Severn Trent Water business users are advised that this document is provided for reference purpose only and is subject to copyright, therefore, no further copies



Sewer Node Sewer Pipe Data INV LEVEL UPSTR INV LEVEL DOWNSTR MAX SIZE YEAR LAID MIN SIZE SHAPE **COVER LEVEL** PURP MATL GRADIENT REFERENCE SK64617107 72.49 70.08 69.51 SK64617108 73.07 70.21 70.08 SK64617109 SK64617110 SK64617111 70.07 SK64617112 SK64617113 SK64617114 SK64617115 73.64 72.15 SK64618001 73.52 72.51 100 72.19 SK64618002 73.81 72.52 100 SK64618003 73.81 72.99 72.54 100 SK64618004 73.93 71.71 150 SK64618005 73.76 72.87 100 SK64618006 71.71 SK64618007 150 SK64618008 SK64618101 73.64 71.86 71.38 100 73.62 72.35 100 SK64618102 71.90 73.73 100 SK64618104 72.18 150 2007 69.10 co 600 69.10 69.07 2007 420.67 co 69.13 69.10 460.67 2007

----- Cable, Low Voltage Public Foul Gravity Sewer Cable, High Voltage ➤ Public Surface Water Gravity Sewer ++-+-+- Cable, Other Trunk Combined Gravity Sewer В Trunk Foul Use Gravity Sewer Housing, Building Trunk Surface Water Gravity Sewer Housing, Kiosk Combined Use Pressurised Sewer 6S Disposal Site Foul Use Pressurised Sewer — → — → Surface Water Pressurised Sewer STW Sewage Treatment Works - Highway Drain • Housing, Other Combined Lateral Drain (SS) Foul Lateral Drain (SS) Pipe Support Structure Surface Water Lateral Drain (SS) Sewage Pumping Facility Petrol Interceptor All Private Sewers are shown in magenta Il section 104 sewers are shown in green Sewer Facility Connection Inlet / Outlet

or after the 1" October 2011, but have not been surveyed and

inned by Severn Trent Water are shown in grange

 Foul Use Manhole Grease Trap Head Node

Hydrobrake □ Lamphole Outfall Overflow Penstock

Sewerage Hatch Box Point

Sewerage Isolation Valve Soakaway

Surface Water Manhole

Vent Column Waste Water Storage

Pre-1937 Properties

TABULAR KEY

Sewer pipe data refers to downstream sewer pipe. Where the node bifurcates (splits) X and Y E - EGG SHAPED

indicates downstream sewer pipe. Gradient is stated a 1 in...

#### **MATERIALS**

- - NONE AC - ASBESTOS CEMENT

- CONCRETE BOX CULVERT - CAST IRON

CO - CONCRETE CSB - CONCRETE SEGMENTS (BOLTED) CSU - CONCRETE SEGMENTS (UNBOLTED) DI - DUCTILE IRON GRC - GLASS REINFORCED CONCRETE

GRP - GLASS REINFORCED PLASTIC MAC - MASONRY IN REGULAR COURSES MAR - MASONRY RANDOMLY COURSED

PE - POLYETHLENE PF - PITCH PP - POLYPROPYLENE PSC - PLASTIC STEEL COMPOSITE PVC - POLYVINYL CHLORIDE RPM - REINFORCED PLASTIC MATRIX - SPUN (GREY) IRON

-STEEL

- RECTANGLE

- TRAPEZOIDAL

- SQUARE

U - UNKNOWN

- UNKNOWN - VITRIFIED CLAY XXX - OTHER

SHAPE PURPOSE C - CIRCULAR

C - COMBINED E - FINAL EFFLUENT S104 - SECTION 104 F - FOUL L - SLUDGE S - SURFACE WATER

- CASCADE - DAMBOARD - SIDE ENTRY - FLAP VALVE - BACK DROP - SIPHON - HIGHWAY DRAIN

CATEGORIES

TRENT WATER

SEVERN

**Severn Trent Water Limited Asset Data Management** PO Box 5344 CV3 9FT Telephone: 0845 601 6616

#### **SEWER RECORD (Tabular)**

1:2500 O/S Map scale: This map is centred upon: O / S Grid reference: 21.06.19 Date of issue: 464922 x: Sheet No. 3 of 3 361053 у:

#### Disclaimer Statement

1. Do not scale off this Map.

2. This map and any information supplied with it is furnished as a general guide, is only valid at the date of issue and no warranty as to its correctness is given or implied. In particular this Map and any information shown on it must not be relied upon in the event of any development or works (including but not limited to excavations) in the vicinity of Severn Trent Water's assets or for the purposes of determining the suitability of a point of connection to the sewerage or distribution systems.

3. On 1 October 2011 most private sewers and private lateral drains in Severn Trent Water's sewerage area, which were connected to a public sewer as at 1 July 2011, transferred to the ownership of Severn Trent Water and became public sewers and public lateral drains. A further transfer takes place on 1 October 2012 (date to be confirmed).

Private pumping stations, which form part of these sewers or lateral drains, will transfer to the ownership of Severn Trent Water on or before 1 October 2016.

Severn Trent Water does not possess complete records of these assets.

These assets may not be displayed on this Map. 4. Reproduction by permission of Ordnance Survey on behalf of HMSO. © Crown Copyright and database right 2004. All rights reserved. Ordnance Survey licence number 100018202. Document users other than Severn Trent Water business users are advised that this document is provided for reference purpose only and is subject to copyright, therefore, no further copies

#### Additional Guidance Notes

If you experience difficulty in the provision of off-site sewers to serve your proposed development, an application for requisition sewers under Section 98 Water Act 2003 may be appropriate on request to this office.

If there are existing public sewers within the curtilage of the development site that may affect the proposed development, the option to divert them under Section 185 Water Act 2003 may be available. All costs incurred would lay with the Applicant.

All potentially adoptable sewers must be designed and constructed in accordance with the guidelines in Sewers for Adoption (6<sup>th</sup> Edition), after 1<sup>st</sup> May 2006. A Severn Trent Water Addendum for Foul Sewage Pumping Stations will be available at <a href="https://www.wrcplc.co.uk/sfa">www.wrcplc.co.uk/sfa</a>.

If the sewers are to be offered for adoption or if the development works could affect the public sewerage system, the Developer should approach Severn Trent Water Ltd to discuss their proposals in detail. This is to ensure the Developer is aware of the Company's requirements which could affect the development design and/or programme.

In cases where the complexity of both the existing receiving sewerage system and the proposed additional sewerage necessitates the construction of a suitable computer model, Severn Trent Water can offer this service. Enquiries should be addressed to Bob Garrington in our Infrastructure Strategy Team who can be contacted on Tues - Thurs only by email to: <a href="mailto:sewer.capacity@severntrent.co.uk">sewer.capacity@severntrent.co.uk</a>

Severn Trent Water has no knowledge of any specific land drainage issues involving this site. The Developer is to contact and seek approval of The Environment Agency, Local Authority etc. regarding any means of surface water disposal to the land drainage system, required attenuation, discharge consent etc.

All enquiries with respect to the supply of sewer records only should be directed to Severn Trent Water Limited, Asset Data Management, PO Box 5344, Coventry. CV3 9FT (Tel. 0845 601 6616).

Asset Protection Waste Water East

# SUPPLEMENTARY GUIDANCE NOTES RELATING TO DISPOSAL OF SURFACE WATER



#### Introduction

The purpose of this guidance note is to provide advice to applicants when completing the surface water drainage design for a new development, both for Greenfield and Brownfield sites. This does not affect foul drainage disposal which should be discussed with Severn Trent as early as possible to ensure additional flows can be accommodated without undue delay to the development.

#### Lead Local Flood Authority (LLFA) Consultation

Since April 2015, the LLFA have assumed the role of being a statutory consultee in the planning process for developments of 10 dwellings or more; or equivalent non-residential and/or mixed development. The LLFAs role is vital to ensure that surface water disposal on new development is adequately assessed so that the local planning authority can satisfy themselves that drainage proposals are satisfactory and to make sure, through the use of planning conditions or planning obligations, that there are clear arrangements in place for future maintenance of sustainable drainage systems (SuDS) over the lifetime of the development. This will also ensure surface water disposal aligns with local planning policies, flood risk strategies and national policies, such as the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF).

It is strongly recommend that the LLFA are involved in early pre-application discussions when the development of a site is initially being considered. Pre-application discussions will help to ensure that SuDS are appropriately considered ahead of or as part of preliminary development layouts, and that they are fully integrated into the final development layout. Whilst Severn Trent are willing to advise on sewerage availability this does to negate the planning requirement relating to adequacy of SuDS on new development.

#### SuDS Hierarchy

Severn Trent is fully supportive of the fundamental SuDS principle that priority should be given to managing surface water as close to source as possible. In accordance with national standards and guidance a sequential series of checks should be undertaken to ensure the relevant SuDS features are being proposed whereby (in order of priority) rainwater re-use, infiltration to ground and controlled discharge to a water body are properly considered ahead of any controlled connection to a culverted watercourse/other drainage system or public surface water sewer.

A controlled connection to a public combined/foul sewer would only be considered under rare exceptional circumstances where all other options have been completely exhausted. Acceptance of surface water into a combined sewer is not only unsustainable because of the need to convey/treat rainwater but is also takes away existing capacity which could constraint the connection of foul flows on future development. It is also possible that connection of additional surface water flows will require capacity upgrades to the existing sewerage system which may delay development.

#### Connection to a Public Sewer

Whilst Severn Trent will be able to provide advice on potential public surface water sewer connection options, it is essential that a developer contacts the LLFA as early as possible to discuss surface water disposal as they will be able to provide guidance on surface water flood risk policy which may influence SuDS requirements. It is strongly recommended that LLFA discussions take place <u>before</u> contacting Severn Trent. Where the outcome of LLFA discussions concludes that a controlled discharge to the public sewerage system is the only viable option then Severn Trent would be pleased to discuss sewer connection options, satisfied that the LLFA have been consulted in line with their surface water management role and in their capacity as statutory consultee.

August 2016 Page 1 of 2

Evidence must be provided to demonstrate why the sequential SuDS checks have concluded that a connection to the public sewer is required. This must include a Site Investigation Report including percolation test data/graphs/calculations/results together with relevant correspondence with the LLFA.

#### **Design Standards**

Surface water disposal design should consider the interactions between the adoptable sewer design criteria based on a 30 year design storm (outlined in 'Sewers For Adoption') and the "Non-statutory technical standards for SuDS" requirement to restrict discharge from a site up to and including the 1 in 100 year critical storm event plus an allowance for climate change as required by the LLFA.

For Greenfield development, the peak runoff rate should never exceed the peak pre-development run-off rates/volumes for the same rainfall event irrespective of the design storm duration consistent with the national non-statutory technical standards. For developments which were previously developed (Brownfield), the peak runoff rate must be as close as reasonably practicable to the greenfield runoff rate from the development for the same rainfall event, but should never exceed the rate of discharge from the development prior to redevelopment again for the same rainfall event. This requirement to remove pre-development surface water discharges to the sewerage system will help remove capacity constraints and aid future development.

To establish the pre-development run-off rates a detailed existing drainage survey will be required indicating pipe locations including sizes and levels, impermeable area connectivity to each pipe and topographical information to support existing drainage assumptions. Photographs of the existing buildings and surface features should be provided and where necessary a CCTV sewer survey should be provided to support the drainage survey to demonstrate connectivity.

In line with 'Sewers for Adoption', the drainage system must be designed so that, unless an area is designated to hold and/or convey water as part of the design, flooding does not occur on any part of the site for a 1 in 30 year rainfall event. For higher storm return periods the drainage system must be designed so that, unless an area is designated to hold and/or convey water as part of the design, flooding does not occur during a 1 in 100 year rainfall event in any part of: a building (including a basement); or in any utility plant susceptible to water (e.g. pumping station, electricity substation, water booster station) within the development.

#### **Small Developments**

Whilst developments of fewer than 10 dwellings (or their equivalent) are excluded from the post April 2015 planning requirements the underlying principles regarding sustainable surface water management are still valid. The collective impacts of surface water discharges from smaller developments can have an adverse impact on flood risk, especially in smaller rural catchments where smaller sewerage systems are more susceptible to increases in surface water inflow. On small developments infiltration to ground and peak flow attenuation must be considered to mitigate flood risk in the community but where a sewer connection is envisaged then the developer is recommended to discuss surface water disposal options with Severn Trent as early as possible.

#### Contact

For further assistance please contact our Asset Protection teams via:

net.dev.west@severntrent.co.uk

(Birmingham & Black Country, Staffordshire, Shropshire, Worcestershire, Gloucestershire, Herefordshire, Powys)

net.dev.east@severntrent.co.uk

(Derbyshire, Leicestershire, Nottinghamshire, Warwickshire, Coventry)

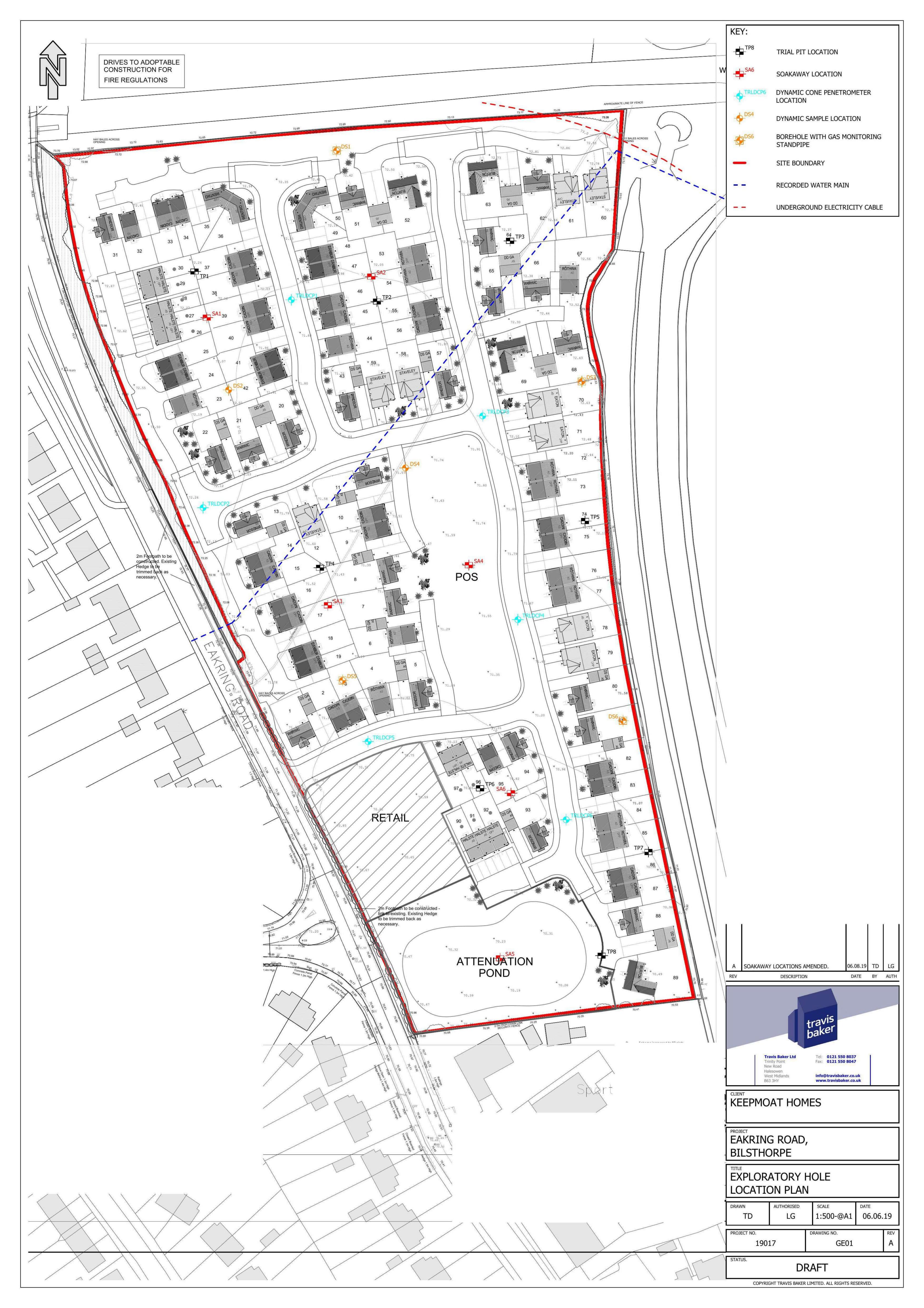
August 2016 Page 2 of 2



Proposed development at Eakring Road, Bilsthorpe

# Appendix D

# Trial Pit Location Plan and Infiltration Test Results Travis Baker Geo-environmental



Soakaway SA1A Test 1			Soakaway SA1A Test 2	
Width (m):	0.70		Width (m):	0.70
Length (m):	2.50		Length (m):	2.50
Depth (m):	2.60		Depth (m):	2.60
Natural depth (m):	0.00		Natural depth (m):	0.00
Depth (m) of Water at T = 0	1.80		Depth (m) of Water at T = 0	1.60
Effective depth (m)	0.80		Effective depth (m)	1.00
Vp25 (m)	0.200		Vp25 (m)	0.250
Depth (mbgl) at Vp25	2.400		Depth (mbgl) at Vp25	2,350
Vp75 (m)	0.600		Vp75 (m)	0.750
Depth (mbgl) at Vp75	2.000		Depth (mbgl) at Vp75	1.850
Vp50 (m)	0.40		Vp50 (m)	0.50
Vp75/Vp25 (m <sup>3</sup> )	0.700		Vp75/Vp25 (m <sup>3</sup> )	0.875
Effective volume * 0.3	0.210		Effective volume * 0.3	0.263
a50 (m²)	4.31		a50 (m²)	4.95
t between vp75 to vp25(secs)	26500		t between vp75 to vp25(secs)	35500
Soil Infiltration (m/s)	6.13E-06		Soil Infiltration (m/s)	4.98E-06
Trial 1			Trial 2	
Time (mins)	Time (secs)	Depth (mbgl)	Time (mins)	Time (secs)
1	60	1.8	1	60
2 3 4	120	1.82	1 2 3 4 5	120
3	180	1.83	3	180
4	240	1.83	4	240
5	300	1.84	5	300

			Working Company (Name A)		
ial 1			Trial 2		
me (mins)	Time (secs)	Depth (mbgl)	Time (mins)	Time (secs)	Depth (mbgl)
1	60	1.8	1	60	1.61
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	120	1.82	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	120	1.62
3	180	1.83	3	180	
4	240	1.83	4	240	
5	300	1.84	5	300	1.62
6	360	1.85	6	360	1.63
7	420	1.855	7	420	1.63
8	480	1.86	8	480	1.63
	540	1.86	9	540	1.63
10	600	1.87	10	600	1.64
11	660	1.88	15	900	1.65
12	720	1.885	27	1620	1.63
13	780	1.89	34	2040	1.64
15	900	1.91	40	2400	1.64
17	1020	1.92	62	3720	1.68
19	1140	1.92	82	4920	1.71
21	1260	1.92	106	6360	1.75
31	1860	1.94	124	7440	1.77
36	2160	1.96	152	9120	1.81
38	2280	1.96	187	11220	1.84
67	4020	2.01	211	12660	1.86
86	5160	2.06	251	15060	1.9
123	7380	2.07	291	17460	1.93
148	8880	2.09	329	19740	1.96
170	10200	2.11			
218	13080	2.15			
264	15840	2.19			
305	18300	2.22			
329	19740	2.25			

Soakaway SA1A Test 3	
Width (m):	0.00
Length (m):	0.00
Depth (m):	0.00
Natural depth (m):	0.00
Depth (m) of Water at T = 0	0.00
Effective depth (m)	0.00
Vp25 (m)	0.000
Depth (mbgl) at Vp25	0.000
Vp75 (m)	0.000
Depth (mbgl) at Vp75	0.000
Vp50 (m)	0.00
Vp75/Vp25 (m³)	0.000
Effective volume * 0.3	0.000
a50 (m²)	0.00
t between vp75 to vp25(secs)	0
Soil Infiltration (m/s)	#DIV/0!

Trial 3

Time (mins) Time (secs) Depth (mbgl)

Carlan CA	10 T1 d			Cl			CI CA	2 T+ 2		
Soakaway SA	AZ Test 1	0.70		Soakaway SA2 Test 2	0.70		Soakaway SA	2 lest 3	0.70	
Width (m):		0.70		Width (m):	0.70		Width (m):		0.70	
Length (m):		2.40		Length (m):	2.40		Length (m):		2.40	
Depth (m):		2.30		Depth (m):	2.14		Depth (m):		2.14	
Natural depth		0.00		Natural depth (m):	0.00		Natural depth		0.00	
Depth (m) of V	Water at T = 0	1.48		Depth (m) of Water at T = 0	1,10		Depth (m) of V	Vater at T = 0	1.14	
Effective depth	h (m)	0.82		Effective depth (m)	1.04		Effective depti	n (m)	1.00	
Vp25 (m)	***************************************	0.205		Vp25 (m)	0.260		Vp25 (m)		0.250	
Depth (mbgl) a	at Vp25	2.095		Depth (mbgl) at Vp25	1.880		Depth (mbgl) a	et Vp25	1.890	
Vp75 (m)		0.615		Vp75 (m)	0.780		Vp75 (m)	0.00	0.750	
Depth (mbgl) a	at Vp75	1.685		Depth (mbgl) at Vp75	1.360		Depth (mbgl) a	at Vp75	1.390	
Vp50 (m)	OCHER METERS	0.41		Vp50 (m)	0.52		Vp50 (m)	SESSIMESONICI	0.50	
Vp75/Vp25 (m	131	0.689		Vp75/Vp25 (m³)	0.874		Vp75/Vp25 (m	3)	0.840	
Effective volum		0.000		Effective volume * 0.3	0.07		Effective volur		0.010	
a50 (m²)	116 0.5			a50 (m²)	4.00		a50 (m <sup>2</sup> )	110 0.0	4.70	
	F 4 0F/	4.22			4.90		# 11 PO 19 CO 19 TO 19 T	F 4 OF()	4.78	
t between vp/	5 to vp25(secs)	44183		t between vp75 to vp25(secs)	44500		t between vp/	5 to vp25(secs)	54166	
Soil Infiltration	(m/s)	3.69E-06		Soil Infiltration (m/s)	4.00E-06		Soil Infiltration	(m/s)	3.24E-06	
Trial 1				Trial 2			Trial 3			
Time (mins)		Time (secs)	Depth (mbgl)	Time (mins)	Time (secs)	Depth (mbgl)	Time (mins)		Time (secs)	Depth (mbgl)
	1	60	1.485	1	60	1.1		0	0	
	2	120	1.49	2	120	1.13		1	60	
	3	180	1.5	3	180	1.13		2	120	
	4	240	1.5	4	240	1.14		3	180	
	5	300	1.5	5	300	1.15		4	240	
	6	360	1.5	6	360	1.15		5	300	
	7	420	1.505	7	420	1.155		6	360	
	8	480	1.505	8	480	1.16		7	420	
	9	540	1.51	9	540	1.17		8	480	
			1.51	10	600	1.17		9	540	
	10	600		16	960				600	
	11	660	1.51		1200	1.18		10	960	Control Control
	12	720	1.52	20		1.2		16		
	13	780	1.52	24	1440	1.21		22	1320	
	14	840	1.52	28	1680	1.21		44	2640	
	15	900	1.52	30	1800	1.21		64	3840	Company of the Compan
	16	960	1.52	32	1920	1.21		88	5280	
	17	1020	1.52	34	2040	1.21		106	6360	
	18	1080	1.525	36	2160	1,21		134	8040	
	19	1140	1.525	38	2280	1.21		168	10080	
	20	1200	1.53	40	2400	1.22		206	12360	
	22	1320	1.54	59	3540	1.3		246	14760	
	24	1440	1.54	99	5940	1.35		283	16980	
	26	1560	1.545	124	7440	1.4		0	0	
	28	1680	1.55	145	8700	1.43		0	0	
	30	1800	1.56	170	10200	1.46		0	0	
	35	2100	1.56	188	11280	1.46		0	0	0
	40	2400	1.565	213	12780	1.48		0	0	0
	54	3240	1.59	227	13620	1.54		0	0	0
	59	3540	1.6	250	15000	1.55		0	0	0
	73	4380	1.61	272	16320	1.53		0	0	0
	85	5100	1.62	320	19200	1.55		0	0	
	115	6900	1.66	366	21960	1.6		0	0	0
	132	7920	1.66	408	24480	1.62		0	0	0
	153	9180	1.68	437	26220	1.63		0	0	0
	190	11400	1.7	0	0	0		0	0	0
	238	14280	1.74	0	0	0		0	0	0
	248	14880	1.74	0	0	0		0	0	0
	287	17220	1.77	0	0	0		0	0	0 0 0 0 0
	311	18660	1.77	0	0	0		0	0	0
	WEEK!	18-4-678-65	16.88276	展	25	VV28		1132	957	800

Santanan SAA Tanka			Carlesses SAA Tark 2			Control SAA Tool 3		
Soakaway SA4 Test 1	0.70		Soakaway SA4 Test 2	0.70		Soakaway SA4 Test 3	0.70	
Width (m):	0.70		Width (m):	0.70		Width (m):	0.70	
Length (m):	2.30		Length (m):	2.30		Length (m):	2.30	
Depth (m):	2.60		Depth (m):	2.50		Depth (m):	2.50	
Natural depth (m):	0.00		Natural depth (m):	0.00		Natural depth (m):	0.00	
Depth (m) of Water at T = 0	1.50		Depth (m) of Water at T = 0	1,50		Depth (m) of Water at T = 0	1.50	
Effective depth (m)	1.10		Effective depth (m)	1.00		Effective depth (m)	1.00	
Vp25 (m)	0.275		Vp25 (m)	0.250		Vp25 (m)	0.250	
Depth (mbgl) at Vp25	2.325		Depth (mbgl) at Vp25	2.250		Depth (mbgl) at Vp25	2.250	
Vp75 (m)	0.825		Vp75 (m)	0.750		Vp75 (m)	0.750	
[LEEDING BACK STREET ST			[18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18]					
Depth (mbgl) at Vp75	1.775		Depth (mbgl) at Vp75	1.750		Depth (mbgl) at Vp75	1.750	
Vp50 (m)	0.55		Vp50 (m)	0.50		Vp50 (m)	0.50	
Vp75/Vp25 (m <sup>3</sup> )	0.886		Vp75/Vp25 (m³)	0.805		Vp75/Vp25 (m <sup>3</sup> )	0.805	
Effective volume * 0.3	0.266		Effective volume * 0.3	0.242		Effective volume * 0.3	0.242	
a50 (m <sup>2</sup> )	4.91		a50 (m²)	4.61		a50 (m <sup>2</sup> )	4.61	
t between vp75 to vp25(secs)	30500		t between vp75 to vp25(secs)	44500		t between vp75 to vp25(secs)	49500	
Soil Infiltration (m/s)	5.91E-06		Soil Infiltration (m/s)	3.92E-06		Soil Infiltration (m/s)	3.53E-06	
Trial 1			Trial 2			Trial 3		
Time (mins)	Time (secs)	Depth (mbgl)	Time (mins)	Time (secs)	Depth (mbgl)	Time (mins)	Time (eace)	Depth (mbgl)
Time (timis)	60	1.53	Time (mins)	60			0	1.5
,			1	120		0	60	
2 3	120	1.54	2		1.52	1		1.5
3	180	1.54	3	180	1.53	2 3	120	1.5
4	240	1.55	4	240		3	180	1.5
5 6	300	1.55	5	300	1.54	4	240	1.5
6	360	1.56	6	360		5	300	1.5
7	420	1.57	7	420		6	360	1.51
8	480	1.57	8	480	1.55	7	420	1.5
9	540	1.57	9	540	1.55	8	480	1.51
10	600	1.58	10	600	1.555	9	540	1.52
12	720	1.59	11	660	1.56	10	600	1.52
14	840	1.6	12	720		38	2280	1.57
16	960	1.6	14	840		63	3780	1.63
18	1080	1.62	16	960	1.59	87	5220	1.65
	1200	1.65	18	1080	1.6	107	6420	1.68
20	1500	1.67	20	1200	1.6	142	8520	1.72
25								
30	1800	1.67	22	1320	1.6	167	10020	1.75
35	2100	1.7	24	1440	1.6	205	12300	1.8
38	2280	1.71	26	1560	1.6	245	14700	1.81
53	3180	1.75	28	1680	1.6	291	17460	1.85
58	3480	1.75	30	1800	1.6	0	0	0
67	4020	1.76	32	1920		0	0	
72	4320	1.77	34	2040	1.61	0	0	0
92	5520	1.8	36	2160	1.61	0	0	0
98	5880	1.81	38	2280	1.62	0	0	0
121	7260	1.85	40	2400	1.62	0	0	0
131	7860	1.87	42	2520	1.63	0	0	0
140	8400	1.88	83	4980	1.7	ŏ	Ō	o o
170	0	1.00	107	6420	1.75	ō	ő	0
	0			7680			0	0
			128		1.77	0	0	0
70 <u>4</u> 0	0		153	9180	1.79	0		0
0	0	0	172	10320	1.8	0	0	0 0 0 0 0
0	0	0	196	11760	1.82	0	0	0
0	0	0	212	12720	1.83	0	0	0
0	0	0	233	13980	1.85	0	0	0
0	0	0	255	15300	1.88	0	0	0
0 0 0	0	0	303	18180	1.91	0	0	0
0	0	0	349	20940	1.93	0	0	0
0		0	392	23520	1.94	0	0	0
0	0	景	417	25020		1153	9570	250

Soakaway SA5 Test 1			Soakaway SA5 Test 2		Soakaway SA5 Test 3	
Width (m):	0.70		Width (m):	0.70	Width (m):	0.70
Length (m):	2.60		Length (m):	2.60	Length (m):	2.60
Depth (m):	2.04		Depth (m):	1.96	Depth (m):	1.96
Natural depth (m):	0.00		Natural depth (m):	0.00	Natural depth (m):	0.00
Depth (m) of Water at T = 0	1.00		Depth (m) of Water at T = 0	0.93	Depth (m) of Water at T = 0	0.96
Effective depth (m)	1.04		Effective depth (m)	1.03	Effective depth (m)	1.00
Vp25 (m)	0.260		Vp25 (m)	0.258	Vp25 (m)	0.250
Depth (mbgl) at Vp25	1.780		Depth (mbgl) at Vp25	1.703	Depth (mbgl) at Vp25	1.710
Vp75 (m)	0.780		Vp75 (m)	0.773	Vp75 (m)	0.750
Depth (mbgl) at Vp75	1.260		Depth (mbgl) at Vp75	1.188	Depth (mbgl) at Vp75	1.210
Vp50 (m)	0.52		Vp50 (m)	0.52	Vp50 (m)	0.50
Vp75/Vp25 (m3)	0.946		Vp75/Vp25 (m <sup>3</sup> )	0.937	Vp75/Vp25 (m <sup>3</sup> )	0.910
Effective volume * 0.3	0.284		Effective volume * 0.3	0.281	Effective volume * 0.3	0.273
a50 (m²)	5.25		a50 (m <sup>2</sup> )	5.22	a50 (m <sup>2</sup> )	5.12
t between vp75 to vp25(secs)	47500		t between vp75 to vp25(secs)	54500	t between vp75 to vp25(secs)	60000
Soil Infiltration (m/s)	3.79E-06		Soil Infiltration (m/s)	3.30E-06	Soil Infiltration (m/s)	2.96E-06
Trial 1			Trial 2		Trial 3	
Time (mins)	Time (secs)	Depth (mbgl)	Time (mins)	Time (secs) Depth (mbgl)	Time (mins)	Time (sec

Trial 1			Trial 2
Time (mins)	Time (secs)	Depth (mbgl)	Time (n
SUPPLIES OF THE PARTY OF THE PA	60	1.02	

Time (mins)	Time (secs)	Depth (mbgl)	Time (mins)	Time (secs)	Depth (mbgl)	Time (mins)	Time (secs)	Depth (mbgl)
1	60	1.02	1	60	0.93	0	0	
2	120	1.025	2	120	0.94	1	60	0.96
3	180	1.03	3	180	0.945	2	120	
4	240	1.035	4	240	0.96	3	180	0.97
5	300	1.04	5	300	0.96	4	240	0.98
6	360	1.045	6	360	0.965	5	300	0.98
7	420	1.05	7	420	0.97	6	360	0.98
11	660	1.06	8	480		7	420	0.99
12	720	1.065	10	600	0.98	8	480	1
13	780	1.07	12	720	0.99	9	540	1 1
14	840	1.075	14	840		10	600	0.99
32	1920	1.12	16	960		27	1620	
32 48	2880	1.15	16 18	1080	1	50 83	3000	
59	3540	1.15	21	1260	1.08	83	4980	1.07
74	4440	1.17	24	1440	1.12	111	6660	1.16
84	5040	1.195	26	1560		130	7800	
103	6180	1.22	24 26 28	1680	1.03	167	10020	
122	7320	1.25	30	1800	1.05	208	12480	1.2
160	9600	1.27	32 34	1920		253 0	15180	1.26
189	11340	1.3	34	2040		0	0	
	0		48	2880	1.07	0	0	0
	0		65	3900	1.11	0	0	0
	0		65 101	6060		0	0	0
	0		122	7320	1.12	0	0	0
	0		143	8580	1.13	0	0	0
	0		162	9720	1.18		0	0
	0		178	10680	1.2	0 0 0	0	0
	0		229	13740		0	0	0
	0		273	16380	1.25	0	0	0
	0		316	18960	1.31	0	0	0
	0		362	21720	1.33	0	0	0
0	0	0	388	23280		0	0	0

Soakaway SA	6 Test 1			Soakaway SA6 Tes	12
Width (m):		0.70		Width (m):	0.70
Length (m):		2.30		Length (m):	2.30
Depth (m):		2.60		Depth (m):	2.40
Natural depth	/m\r	0.00		Natural depth (m):	0.00
Depth (m) of V		1.26		Depth (m) of Water	
Depar (iii) or v	vator at 1 = 0	1.20		Depair (iii) or vivater i	at 1 - 0 1.40
Effective depth	h (m)	1.34		Effective depth (m)	1.00
Vp25 (m)		0.335		Vp25 (m)	0.250
Depth (mbgl) a	at Vp25	2.265		Depth (mbgl) at Vp2	
Vp75 (m)		1.005		Vp75 (m)	0.750
Depth (mbgl) a	at Vp75	1.595		Depth (mbgl) at Vp7	
Vp50 (m)	90	0.67		Vp50 (m)	0.50
Vp75/Vp25 (m	3)	1.079		Vp75/Vp25 (m <sup>3</sup> )	0.805
Effective volun	ne * 0.3	0.324		Effective volume * 0	3 0.242
a50 (m <sup>2</sup> )		5.63		a50 (m <sup>2</sup> )	4.61
	5 to vp25(secs)	35500		t between vp75 to vp	25(secs) 22000
Soil Infiltration	(m/s)	5.40E-06		Soil Infiltration (m/s)	7.94E-06
Trial 1				Trial 2	
Time (mins)		Time (coss)	Depth (mbgl)	Time (mins)	Time (secs)
time (iimis)	1	60	1.29	1 line (nims)	60
	2	120	1.3		120
	2	180		2	180
	3	240	1.315 1.325	3	240
	4 5	300	1.33	7	300
	6		1.34	5	360
	9	360		2 3 4 5 6 7	420
	7 8	420 480	1.35	8	480
	11	660	1.355 1.375	10	600
					720
	18	1080	1.425	12	840
	21	1260	1.44	14	
	33	1980	1.49	16	960
	48	2880	1.53	18	1080
	62	3720	1.57	20	1200
	81	4860	1.61	22	1320
	116	6960	1.67	24	1440
	145	8700	1.72	26	1560
	154	9240	1.74	28	1680
				30	1800
				32	1920
				34	2040
				36	2160
				38	2280
				40	2400
				42	2520
				44	2640
				62	3720
				80	4800
				115	6900
				136	8160
				154	9240
				175	10500
				193	11580
				216	12960
				242	14520
				286	17160
				330	19800
				375	22500
				399	23940

Soakaway SA6 Test 3	
Width (m):	0.70
Length (m):	2.30
Depth (m):	2.40
Natural depth (m):	0.00
Depth (m) of Water at T = 0	1.33
Effective depth (m)	1.07
Vp25 (m)	0.268
Depth (mbgl) at Vp25	2.133
Vp75 (m)	0.803
Depth (mbgl) at Vp75	1.598
Vp50 (m)	0.54
Vp75/Vp25 (m <sup>3</sup> )	0.861
Effective volume * 0.3	0.258
a50 (m <sup>2</sup> )	4.82
t between vp75 to vp25(secs)	31750
Soil Infiltration (m/s)	5.63E-06
Trial 3	
	AMERICA CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY

		0
		-
D	epth (mbgl)	2
0	1.41	
0	1.42	
0	1.43	
0	1.44	
0	1.45	
0	1.455	
0	1.46	
0	1.47	
0	1.48	
0	1.49	
0	1.5	
0	1.51	
0	1.52	
0	1.53	
0	1.55	
0	1.55	
0	1.56	
0	1.57	
0	1.58	
0	1.58	
0	1.59	
0	1.6	
0	1.6	
0	1.61	
0	1.62	
0	1.64	
0	1.67	
0	1.71	
0	1.79	
0	1.83	
0	1.87	
0	1.9	
0	1.91	
0	1.95	
0	2.01	
0	2.01	
0	2.06	
0	2.09	
0	2.12	

Trial 3		
riai s rime (mins)	Time (secs)	Depth (mbgl)
1	60	
2	120	1.35
3	180	
4	240	1.37
5	300	1.38
6	360	
7	420	
8	480	1 3 2 3 3 Y 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
9	540	1.41
10	600	1.41
20	1200	1.48
46	2760	1.55
71	4260	1.62
103	6180	1.67
132	7920	1.74
151	9060	1.75
187	11220	1.82
218	13080	1.86
264	15840	1.9



Proposed development at Eakring Road, Bilsthorpe

# Appendix E

**Hydraulic Calculations** 

(100yr + 40%)

Travis Baker		Page 1
Trinity Point New Road Halesowen West Midlands B63 3HY		Maca
Date 19/05/2020 12:25	Designed by Adrian.Greenaway	Drainage
File 19.02.20 BILSTHORPE.MDX	Checked by	nan lade
Micro Drainage	Network 2014.1.1	

#### STORM SEWER DESIGN by the Modified Rational Method

#### Design Criteria for Storm

#### Pipe Sizes STANDARD Manhole Sizes STANDARD

FSR Rainfall Model - England and Wales

Return Period (years) 2 Add Flow / Climate Change (%) 0

M5-60 (mm) 20.000 Minimum Backdrop Height (m) 0.000

Ratio R 0.403 Maximum Backdrop Height (m) 0.000

Maximum Rainfall (mm/hr) 50 Min Design Depth for Optimisation (m) 1.200

Maximum Time of Concentration (mins) 30 Min Vel for Auto Design only (m/s) 1.00

Foul Sewage (1/s/ha) 0.000 Min Slope for Optimisation (1:X) 500

Designed with Level Soffits

Volumetric Runoff Coeff. 0.750

#### Network Design Table for Storm

PN	Length	Fall	Slope	I.Area	T.E.	Ba	ise	k	HYD	DIA	Auto
	(m)	(m)	(1:X)	(ha)	(mins)	Flow	(1/s)	(mm)	SECT	(mm)	Design
1.000	8.190	0.040	204.8	0.106	5.00		0.0	0.600	0	300	<b>a</b>
1.001	27.460	0.110	249.6	0.129	0.00		0.0	0.600	0	300	•
1.002	18.900	0.060	315.0	0.064	0.00		0.0	0.600	0	375	•
2.000	10.470	0.070	149.6	0.091	5.00		0.0	0.600	0	225	<b>a</b>
2.001	22.050	0.140	157.5	0.018	0.00		0.0	0.600	0	300	<b>a</b>
2.002	7.130	0.040	178.3	0.057	0.00		0.0	0.600	0	300	ā
2.003	33.360	0.200	166.8	0.000	0.00		0.0	0.600	0	300	ā
2.004	18.580	0.380	48.9	0.100	0.00		0.0	0.600	0	375	<b>&amp;</b>
2.005	17.760	0.050	355.2	0.049	0.00		0.0	0.600	0	450	•
1.003	49.520	0.165	300.1	0.101	0.00		0.0	0.600	0	450	<b>a</b>

#### Network Results Table

PN	Rain	T.C.	US/IL	Σ I.Area	Σ Base	Foul	Add Flow	Vel	Cap	Flow
	(mm/hr)	(mins)	(m)	(ha)	Flow (1/s)	(1/s)	(1/s)	(m/s)	(1/s)	(1/s)
1.000	50.00	5.12	70.450	0.106	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.10	77.4	14.4
1.001	50.00	5.59	70.410	0.235	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.99	70.0	31.8
1.002	50.00	5.90	70.220	0.299	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.02	112.2	40.5
2.000	50.00	5.16	71.200	0.091	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.07	42.4	12.3
2.001	50.00	5.46	71.050	0.109	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.25	88.4	14.8
2.002	50.00	5.56	70.910	0.166	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.17	83.0	22.5
2.003	50.00	6.02	70.870	0.166	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.21	85.9	22.5
2.004	50.00	6.14	70.590	0.266	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.60	286.8	36.0
2.005	50.00	6.41	70.130	0.315	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.07	170.6	42.7
1.003	50.00	7.12	70.080	0.715	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.17	185.8	96.8

@1982-2014 XP Solutions

Travis Baker		Page 2
Trinity Point		
New Road Halesowen		4
West Midlands B63 3HY		Micro
Date 19/05/2020 12:25	Designed by Adrian.Greenaway	Designation
File 19.02.20 BILSTHORPE.MDX	Checked by	Drainage
Micro Drainage	Network 2014.1.1	*

#### Network Design Table for Storm

PN	Length	Fall	Slope	I.Area	T.E.	Ba	ase	k	HYD	DIA	Auto
	(m)	(m)	(1:X)	(ha)	(mins)	Flow	(1/s)	(mm)	SECT	(mm)	Design
3.000	8.200	0.050	164.0	0.043	5.00		0.0	0.600	0	225	8
3.001	52.770	0.230	229.4	0.107	0.00			0.600	0	300	-
	39.830		37.9	0.161	0.00			0.600	0	375	
1.004	28.780	0.070	411.1	0.065	0.00		0.0	0.600	0	525	<b>a</b>
1.005	27.200	0.060	453.3	0.075	0.00		0.0	0.600	0	525	
1.006	17.700	0.040	442.5	0.064	0.00		0.0	0.600	0	600	
1.007	20.170	0.040	504.3	0.016	0.00		0.0	0.600	0	600	
4.000	27.180	0.160	169.9	0.051	5.00		0.0	0.600	0	225	<b>6</b>
4.001	21.830	0.130	167.9	0.020	0.00		0.0	0.600	0	225	Contract Con
4.002	25.190	0.100	251.9	0.134	0.00		0.0	0.600	0	300	The second secon
1.008	25.800	0.050	516.0	0.054	0.00		0.0	0.600	0	675	<b>6</b>
1.009	25.800	0.050	516.0	0.049	0.00		0.0	0.600	0	675	
1.010	28.750	0.370	77.7	0.081	0.00		0.0	0.600	0	675	
5.000	11.000	0.030	366.7	0.000	5.00		0.0	0.600	0	675	<del></del>
1.011	9.500	0.019	500.0	0.045	0.00		0.0	0.600	0	675	<b>6</b>

#### Network Results Table

PN	Rain	T.C.	US/IL	Σ I.Area	Σ Base	Foul	Add Flow	Vel	Cap	Flow
	(mm/hr)	(mins)	(m)	(ha)	Flow (1/s)	(1/s)	(1/s)	(m/s)	(1/s)	(1/s)
3.000	50.00	5.13	71.460	0.043	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.02	40.5	5.8
3.001	50.00	5.98	71.340	0.150	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.03	73.1	20.3
3.002	50.00	6.21	71.030	0.311	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.95	325.8	42.1
1.004	50.00	7.55	69.830	1.091	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.10	237.8	147.7
1.005	50.00	7.99	69.760	1.166	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.05	226.3	157.9
1.006	50.00	8.24	69.625	1.230	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.15	325.5	166.6
1.007	50.00	8.56	69.585	1.246	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.08	304.7	168.7
4.000	50.00	5.45	70.320	0.051	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.00	39.8	6.9
4.001	50.00	5.81	70.160	0.071	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.01	40.0	9.6
4.002	50.00	6.24	69.950	0.205	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.99	69.7	27.8
1.008	50.00	8.93	69.470	1.505	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.15	410.4	203.8
1.009	50.00	9.31	69.420	1.554	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.15	410.4	210.4
1.010	50.00	9.47	69.370	1.635	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.98	1064.7	221.4
5.000	50.00	5.13	69.130	0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.36	487.7	0.0
1.011	50.00	9.60	69.000	1,680	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.17	417.0	227.5

Travis Baker		Page 3
Trinity Point New Road Halesowen West Midlands B63 3HY		Tum.
Date 19/05/2020 12:25	Designed by Adrian.Greenaway	- Micro
File 19.02.20 BILSTHORPE.MDX	Checked by	Drainage
Micro Drainage	Network 2014.1.1	72

#### Free Flowing Outfall Details for Storm

Outfall Outfall C. Level I. Level Min D,L W
Pipe Number Name (m) (m) I. Level (mm) (mm)
(m)

1.011 S14 70.800 68.981 0.000 3000 0

Travis Baker		Page 4
Trinity Point		
New Road Halesowen		4
West Midlands B63 3HY		Micro
Date 19/05/2020 12:25	Designed by Adrian.Greenaway	Printed to Company of Comment
File 19.02.20 BILSTHORPE.MDX	Checked by	Drainage
Micro Drainage	Network 2014.1.1	

#### Online Controls for Storm

Pump Manhole: S12, DS/PN: 1.011, Volume (m3): 17.0

Invert Level (m) 69.000

Depth (m) Flow (1/s)

1.400 5.0000

Travis Baker		Page 5
Trinity Point		
New Road Halesowen		٦
West Midlands B63 3HY		Micro
Date 19/05/2020 12:25	Designed by Adrian.Greenaway	
File 19.02.20 BILSTHORPE.MDX	Checked by	Drainage
Micro Drainage	Network 2014.1.1	*

#### Storage Structures for Storm

Tank or Pond Manhole: POND, DS/PN: 5.000

Invert Level (m) 69.130

Depth (m) Area (m<sup>2</sup>) Depth (m) Area (m<sup>2</sup>)
0.000 731.9 1.670 1639.5

©1982-2014 XP Solutions

Travis Baker		Page 6
Trinity Point New Road Halesowen West Midlands B63 3HY		Eugen Park
Date 19/05/2020 12:25 File 19.02.20 BILSTHORPE.MDX	Designed by Adrian.Greenaway Checked by	Micro Drainage
Micro Drainage	Network 2014.1.1	

# 100 year Return Period Summary of Critical Results by Maximum Level (Rank 1) for Storm

#### Simulation Criteria

Areal Reduction Factor 1.000 Additional Flow - % of Total Flow 0.000
Hot Start (mins) 0 MADD Factor \* 10m³/ha Storage 0.000
Hot Start Level (mm) 0 Inlet Coefficient 0.800
Manhole Headloss Coeff (Global) 0.500 Flow per Person per Day (1/per/day) 0.000
Foul Sewage per hectare (1/s) 0.000

Number of Input Hydrographs 0 Number of Storage Structures 1 Number of Online Controls 1 Number of Time/Area Diagrams 0 Number of Offline Controls 0 Number of Real Time Controls 0

#### Synthetic Rainfall Details

Rainfall Model FSR Ratio R 0.403
Region England and Wales Cv (Summer) 0.750
M5-60 (mm) 20.000 Cv (Winter) 0.840

Margin for Flood Risk Warning (mm) 300.0

Analysis Timestep 2.5 Second Increment (Extended)

DTS Status OFF

DVD Status ON

Inertia Status

Profile(s) Summer and Winter
Duration(s) (mins) 15, 240, 1440
Return Period(s) (years) 100
Climate Change (%) 40

PN	Storm		Climate Change	First			st Y ood	First Z Overflow	O/F Act.	Lvl Exc.
1.000	15 Winter	100	+40%	100/15	Summer	100/15	Winter			1
1.001	15 Winter	100	+40%	100/15	Summer					
1.002	15 Winter	100	+40%	100/15	Summer					
2.000	15 Winter	100	+40%	100/15	Summer	100/15	Summer			2
2.001	15 Winter	100	+40%	100/15	Summer					
2.002	15 Winter	100	+40%	100/15	Summer	100/15	Winter			1
2.003	15 Winter	100	+40%	100/15	Summer					
2.004	15 Winter	100	+40%	100/15	Summer	100/15	Winter			1
2.005	15 Winter	100	+40%	100/15	Summer	100/15	Winter			1
1.003	15 Winter	100	+40%	100/15	Summer	100/15	Winter			1
3.000	15 Winter	100	+40%	100/15	Summer					
3.001	15 Winter	100	+40%	100/15	Summer					
3.002	15 Winter	100	+40%	100/15	Summer					
1.004	15 Winter	100	+40%	100/15	Summer					
1.005	15 Winter	100	+40%	100/15	Summer					
1.006	15 Winter	100	+40%	100/15	Summer					
1.007	15 Winter	100	+40%	100/15	Summer					
4.000	15 Winter	100	+40%	100/15	Summer					
4.001	15 Winter	100	+40%	100/15	Summer					
4.002	15 Winter	100	+40%	100/15	Summer					
			©1982-	2014 X	P Solu	ıtions	8			

Travis Baker		Page 7
Trinity Point		
New Road Halesowen		4
West Midlands B63 3HY		Micro
Date 19/05/2020 12:25	Designed by Adrian.Greenaway	Parket wheel report County
File 19.02.20 BILSTHORPE.MDX	Checked by	Drainage
Micro Drainage	Network 2014.1.1	*

# 100 year Return Period Summary of Critical Results by Maximum Level (Rank 1) for Storm

PN	S	torm	Chambine Cold	Climate Change	Firs Surch	01768900004	First Y Flood	First Z Overflow	201110/100	Lvl Exc.
1.008	15	Winter	100	+40%	100/15	Summer				
1.009	15	Winter	100	+40%	100/15	Summer				
1.010	1440	Winter	100	+40%	100/15	Summer				
5.000	1440	Winter	100	+40%	100/240	Summer				
1.011	1440	Winter	100	+40%	100/15	Summer				

Flooded

Water

Pipe

	US/MH	Level	Surch'ed	Volume	Flow /	O'flow	Flow	
PN	Name	(m)	Depth (m)	(m³)	Cap.	(1/s)	(1/s)	Status
1.000	S1	72.851	2.101	0.878	0.96	0.0	56.0	FLOOD
1.001	S2	72.791	2.081	0.000	1.82	0.0	114.8	FLOOD RISK
1.002	S3	72.465	1.870	0.000	1.51	0.0	140.7	FLOOD RISK
2.000	S15	72.902	1.477	2.468	1.47	0.0	52.2	FLOOD
2.001	S16	72.883	1.533	0.000	0.75	0.0	58.2	FLOOD RISK
2.002	S17	72.800	1.590	0.136	1.14	0.0	68.9	FLOOD
2.003	S18	72.723	1.553	0.000	0.93	0.0	73.4	FLOOD RISK
2.004	S19	72.570	1.605	0.152	0.46	0.0	110.2	FLOOD
2.005	S20	72.352	1.772	2.330	0.84	0.0	113.0	FLOOD
1.003	S4	72.313	1.783	3.151	1.70	0.0	286.5	FLOOD
3.000	S21	72.562	0.877	0.000	0.81	0.0	25.4	SURCHARGED
3.001	S22	72.475	0.835	0.000	1.26	0.0	87.0	SURCHARGED
3.002	S23	72.186	0.781	0.000	0.57	0.0	169.4	SURCHARGED
1.004	S5	71.966	1.611	0.000	2.26	0.0	447.5	SURCHARGED
1.005	56	71.620	1.335	0.000	2.52	0.0	470.3	SURCHARGED
1.006	S7	71.248	1.023	0.000	2.29	0.0	488.6	SURCHARGED
1.007	S8	71.000	0.815	0.000	2.40	0.0	495.1	SURCHARGED
4.000	S24	71.199	0.654	0.000	0.74	0.0	27.5	SURCHARGED
4.001	S25	71.127	0.742	0.000	1.01	0.0	37.0	SURCHARGED
4.002	S26	71.012	0.762	0.000	1.82	0.0	113.3	SURCHARGED
1.008	S9	70.748	0.603	0.000	1.89	0.0	597.9	SURCHARGED
1.009	S10	70.519	0.424	0.000	1.92	0.0	608.5	SURCHARGED
1.010	S11	70.380	0.335	0.000	0.06	0.0	45.9	SURCHARGED
5.000	POND	70.370	0.565	0.000	0.02	0.0	5.5	SURCHARGED
1.011	S12	70.382	0.707	0.000	0.02	0.0	4.9	SURCHARGED



Proposed development at Eakring Road, Bilsthorpe

# Appendix F

**Qbar Calculation per Hectare** 

Travis Baker		Page 1
Trinity Point New Road Halesowen West Midlands B63 3HY		
Date 07/10/2019 11:42 File	Designed by adrian.greenaway Checked by	Drainage
Micro Drainage	Source Control 2014.1.1	

#### ICP SUDS Mean Annual Flood

#### Input

Return Period (years) 1 Soil 0.150
Area (ha) 1.000 Urban 0.000
SAAR (mm) 700 Region Number Region 4

#### Results 1/s

QBAR Rural 0.4 QBAR Urban 0.4

Q1 year 0.3

Q1 year 0.3 Q30 years 0.8 Q100 years 1.0

©1982-2014 XP Solutions